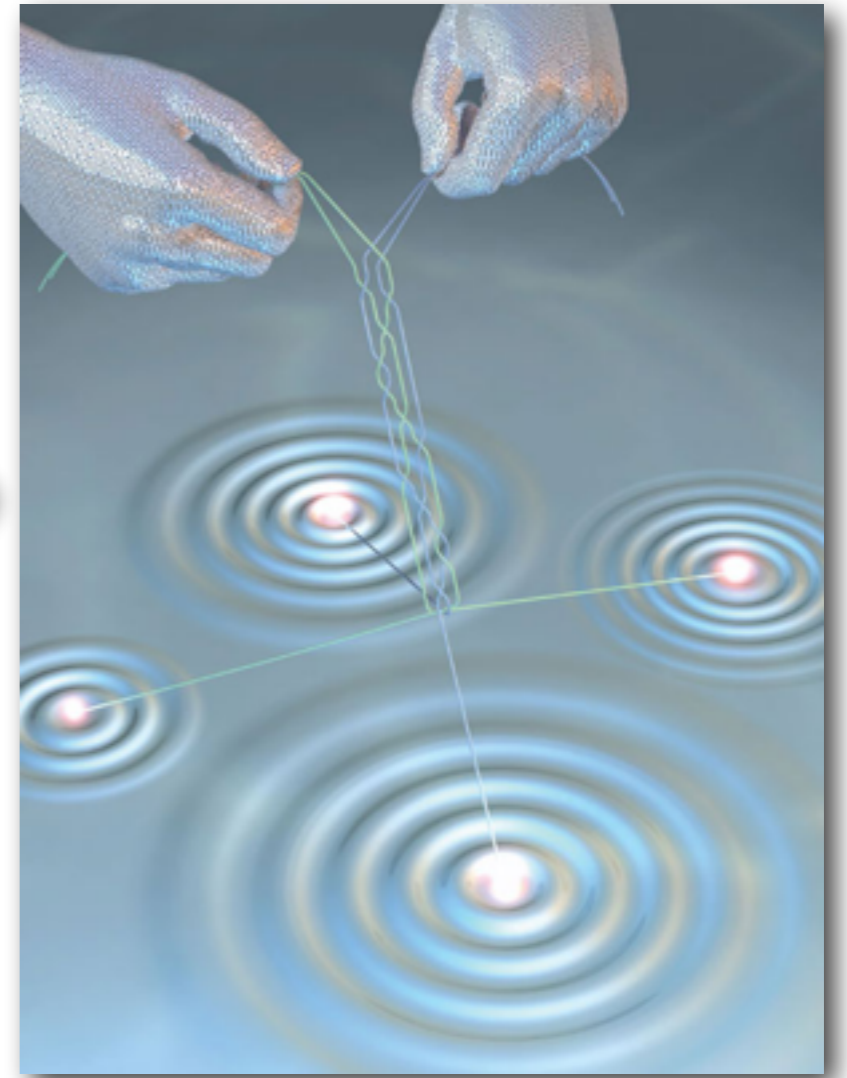
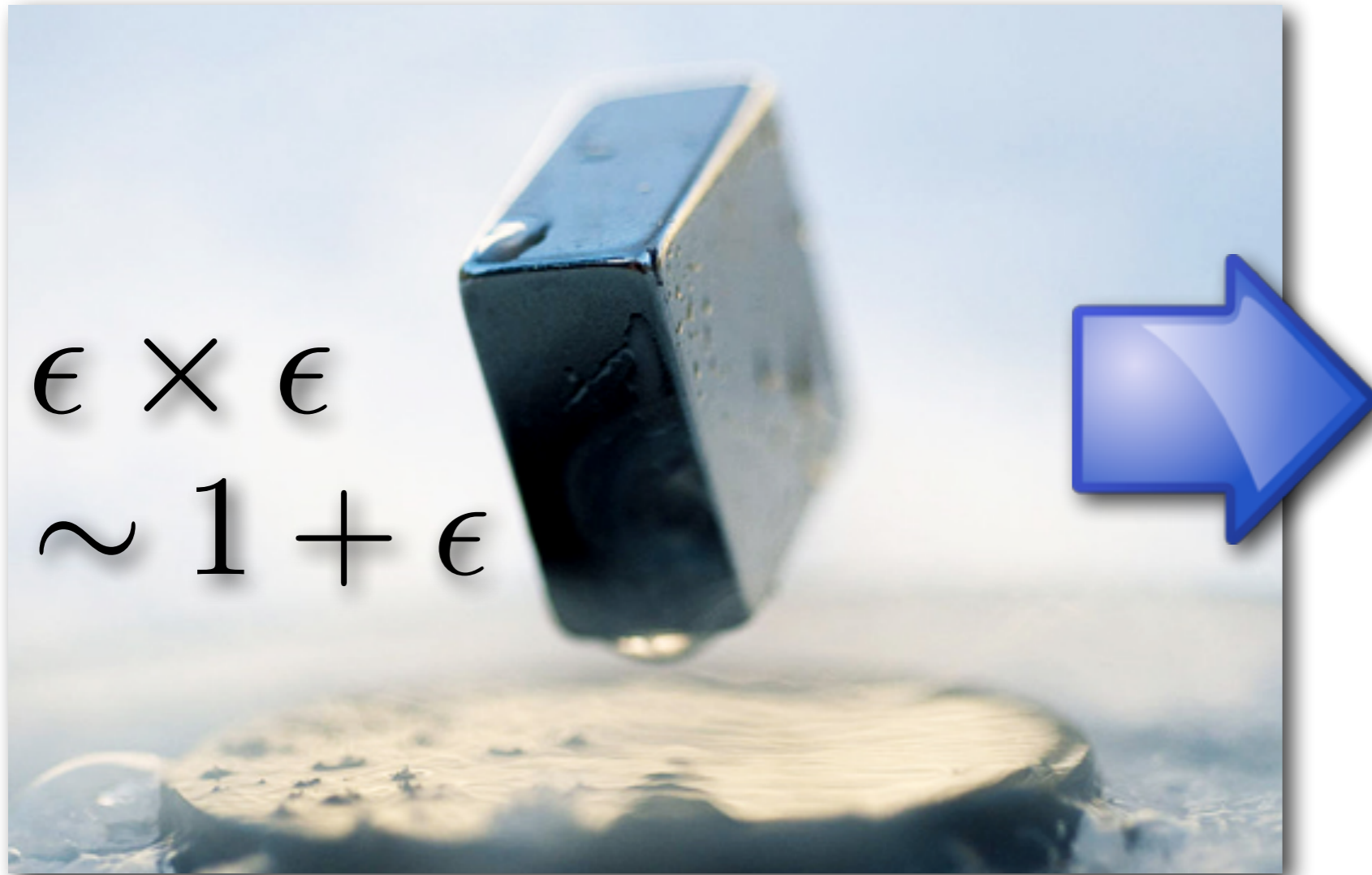


Designer non-Abelian anyons

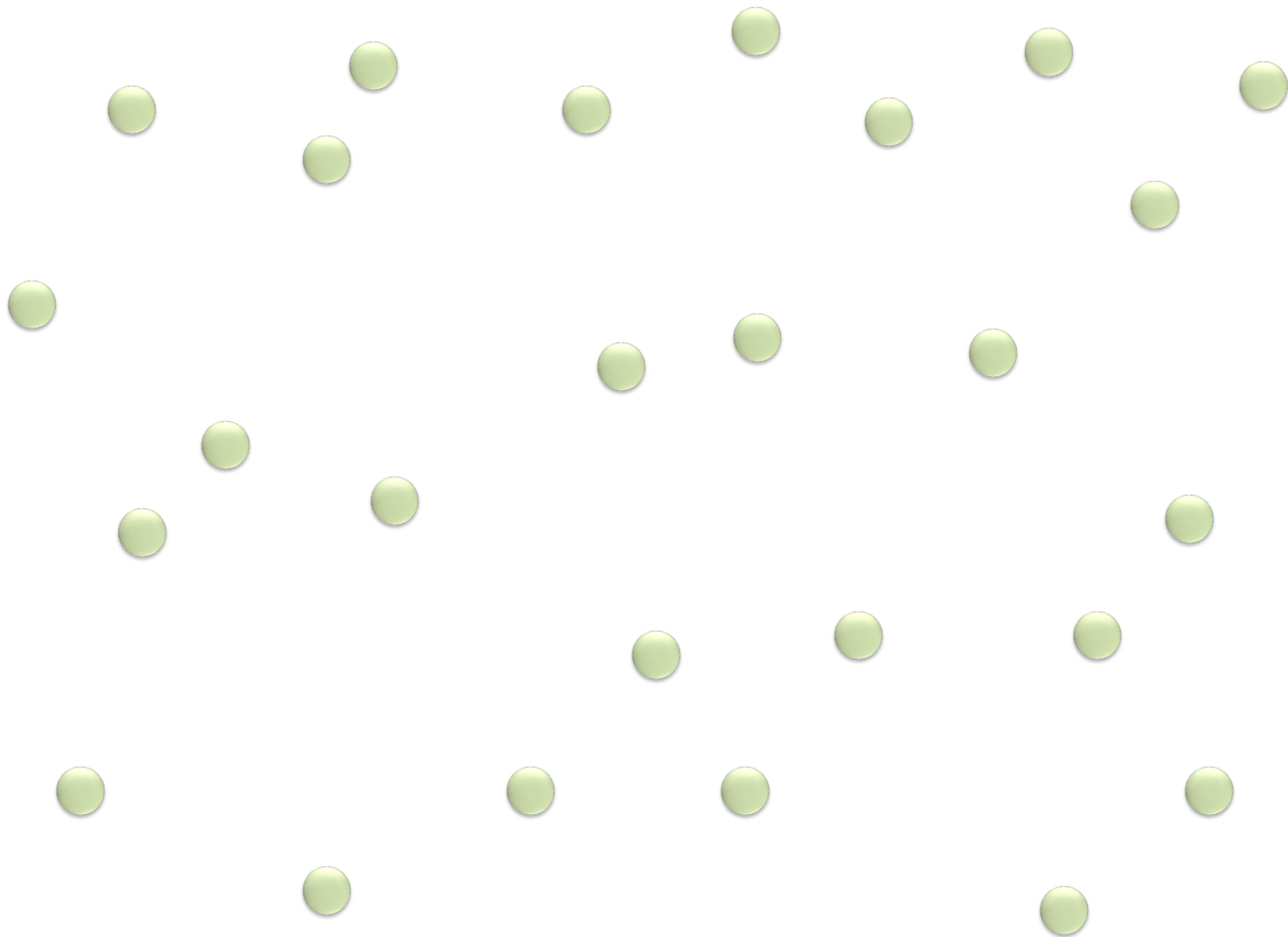


Jason Alicea



Walter Burke Institute
for Theoretical Physics





Exchange statistics

I. Bosons/Fermions

(all fundamental particles)

$$\psi \rightarrow \pm \psi$$

Exchange statistics

I. Bosons/Fermions

(all fundamental particles)

$$\psi \rightarrow \pm \psi$$

II. “Anyons”

(emergent particles)



Abelian

Leinaas & Myrheim (1977)

$$\psi \rightarrow e^{i\theta} \psi$$

- Sequential exchanges commute
- Many experimental platforms!

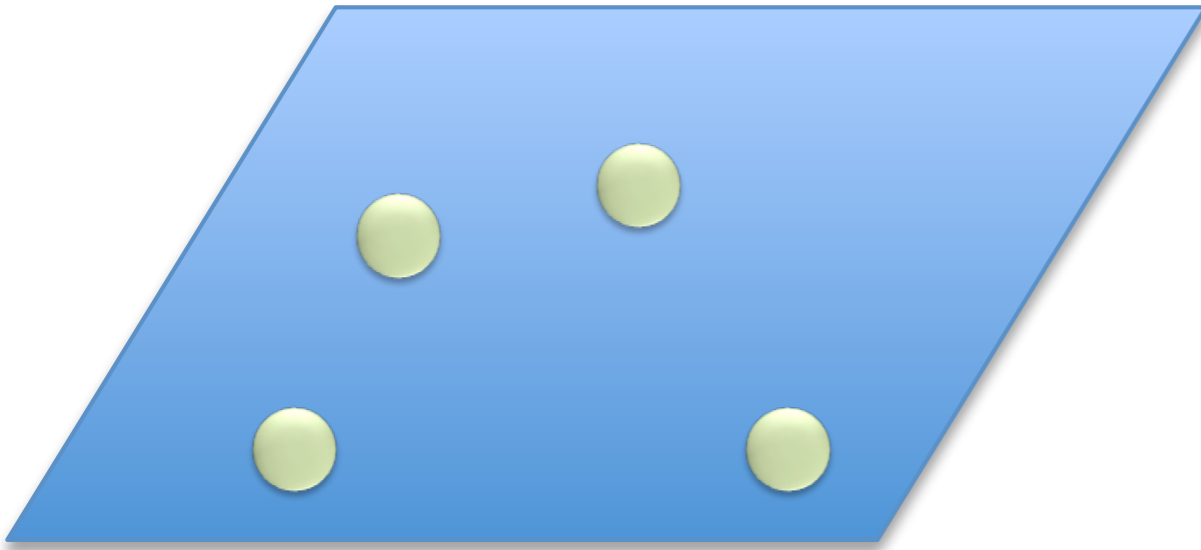


Non-Abelian

Moore, Seiberg, Witten, Fredenhagen,
Frohlich, Gabianni, Bais... (1988-)

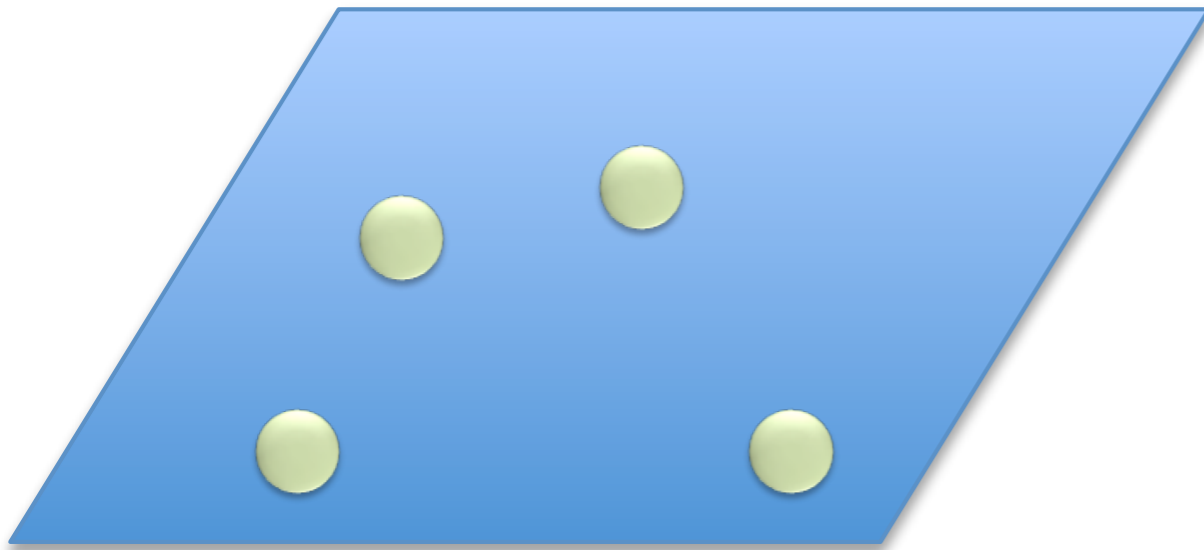
- Much more exotic and elusive

Non-Abelian anyons



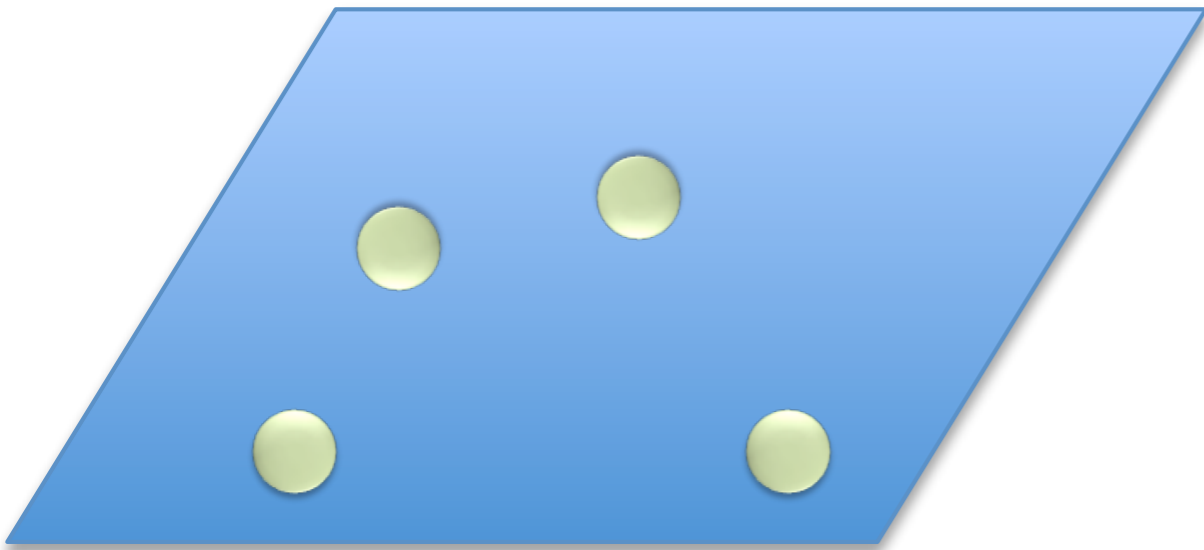
ψ_a

Non-Abelian anyons



ψ_a

Non-Abelian anyons

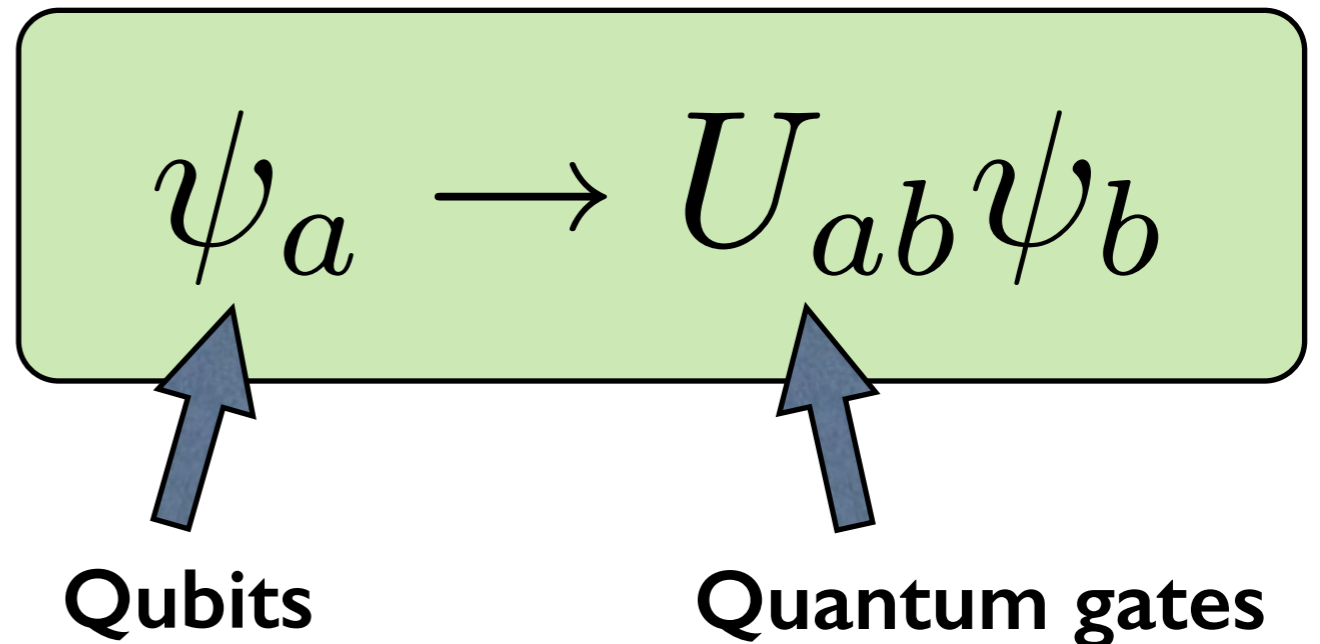
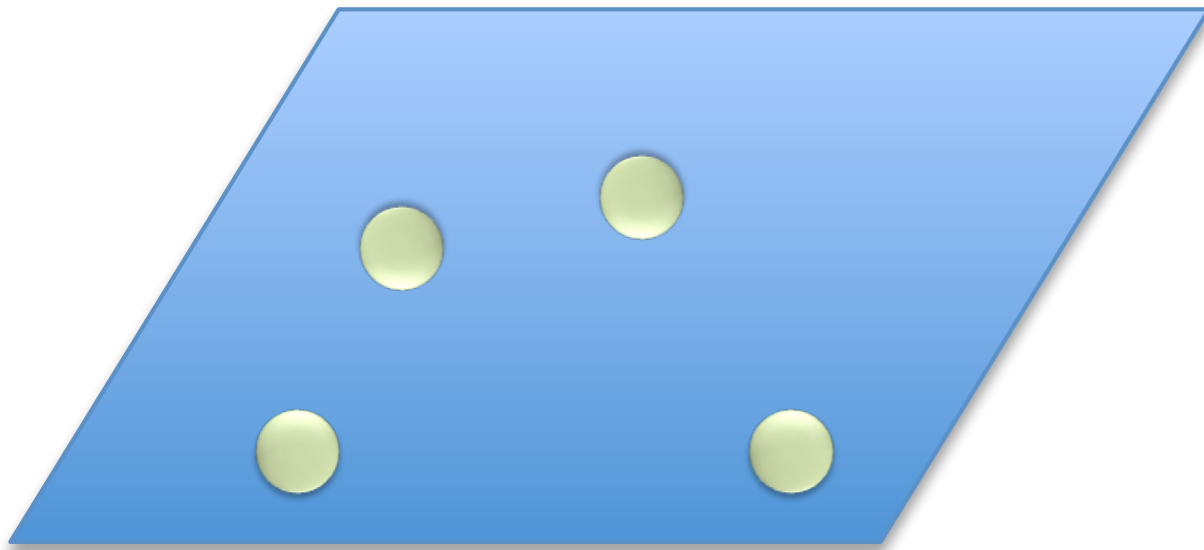


$$\psi_a \longrightarrow U_{ab} \psi_b$$

Interesting for 2 reasons:

- Fundamental physics

Non-Abelian anyons



Interesting for 2 reasons:

- Fundamental physics
- Decoherence-free quantum computation!

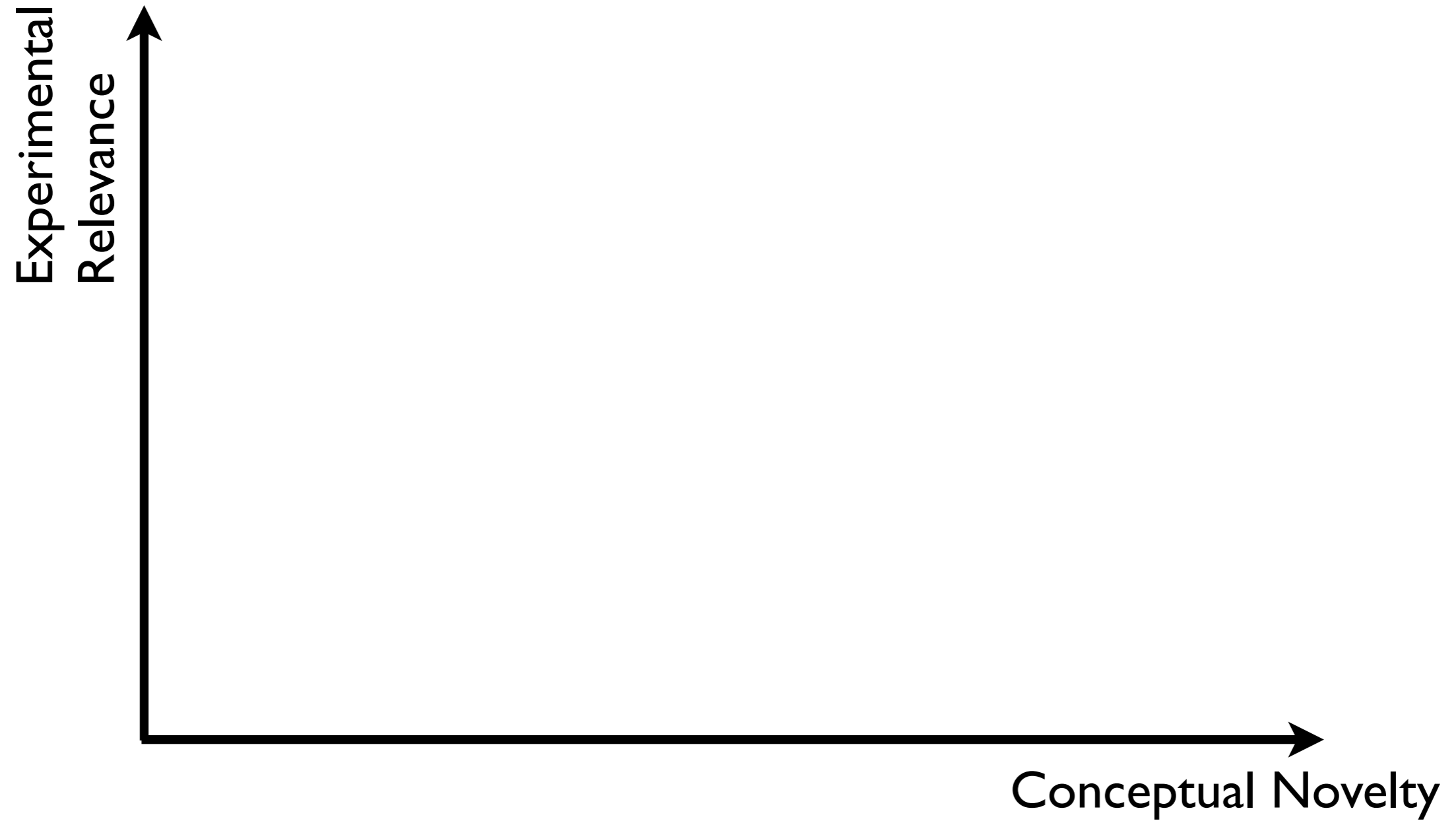
Kitaev (1997)
Nayak, Simon, Stern, Freedman, &
Das Sarma, RMP 80, 1083 (2008)



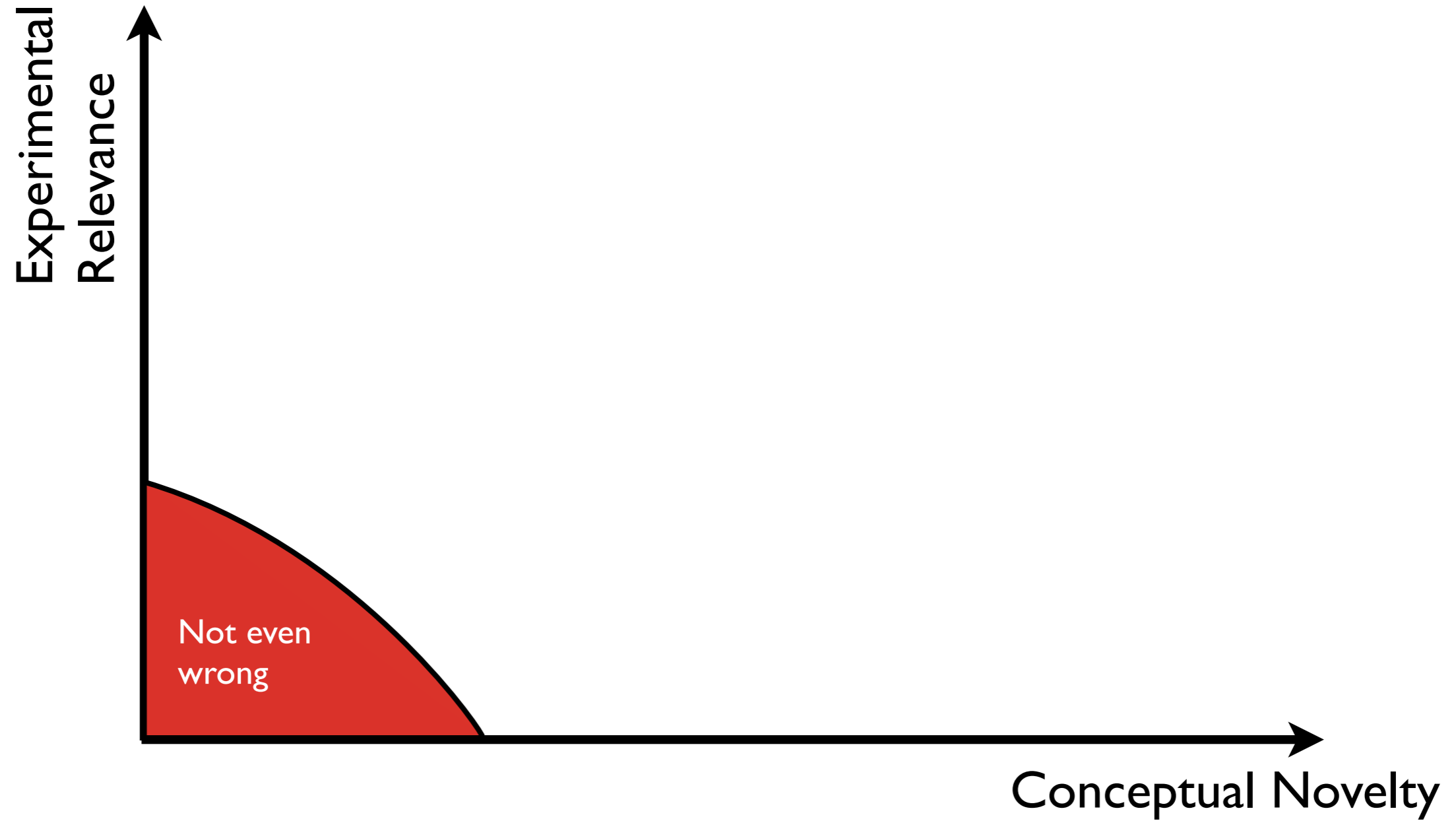
“\$3 million idea”



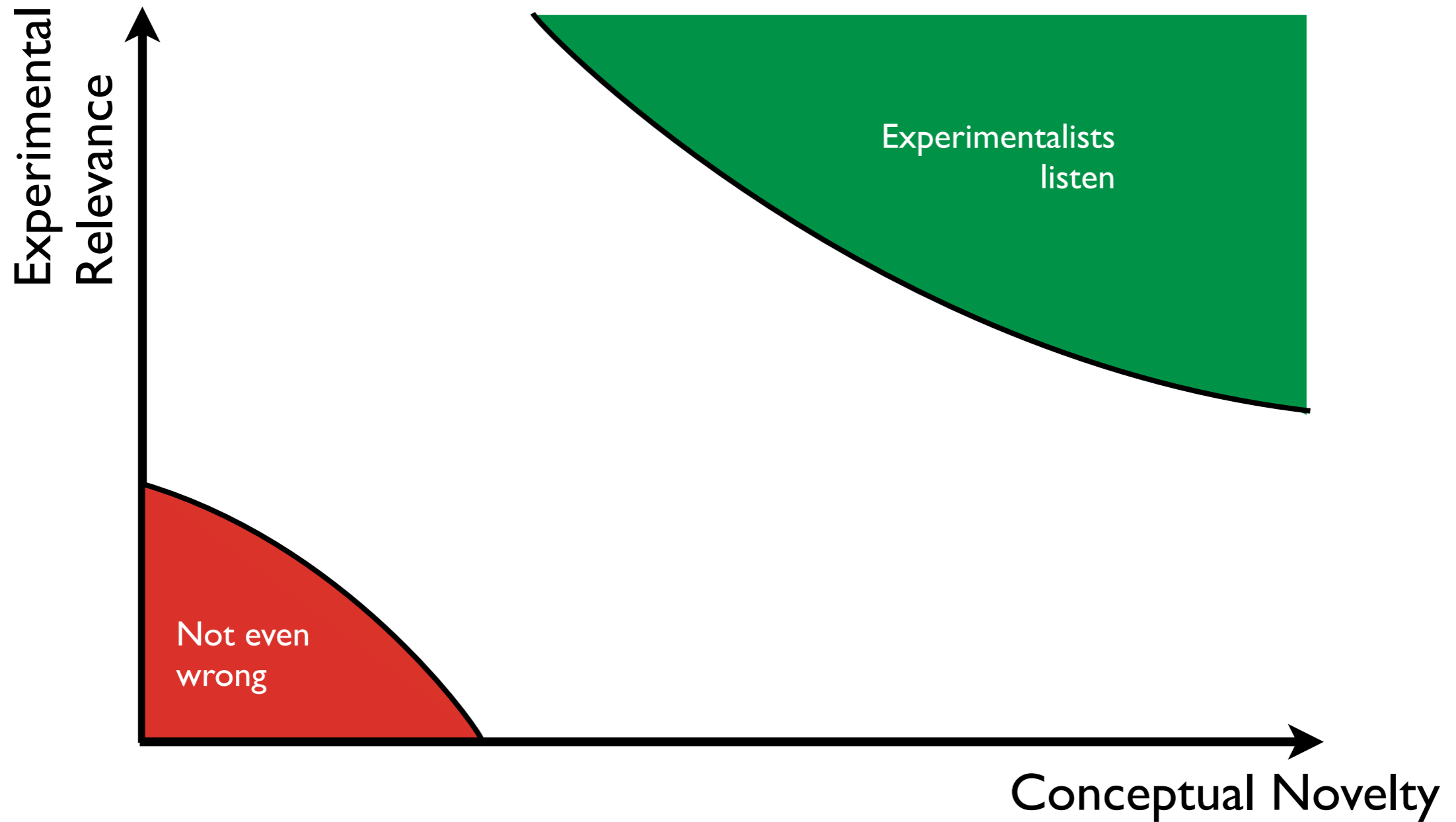
“Fisher plot”



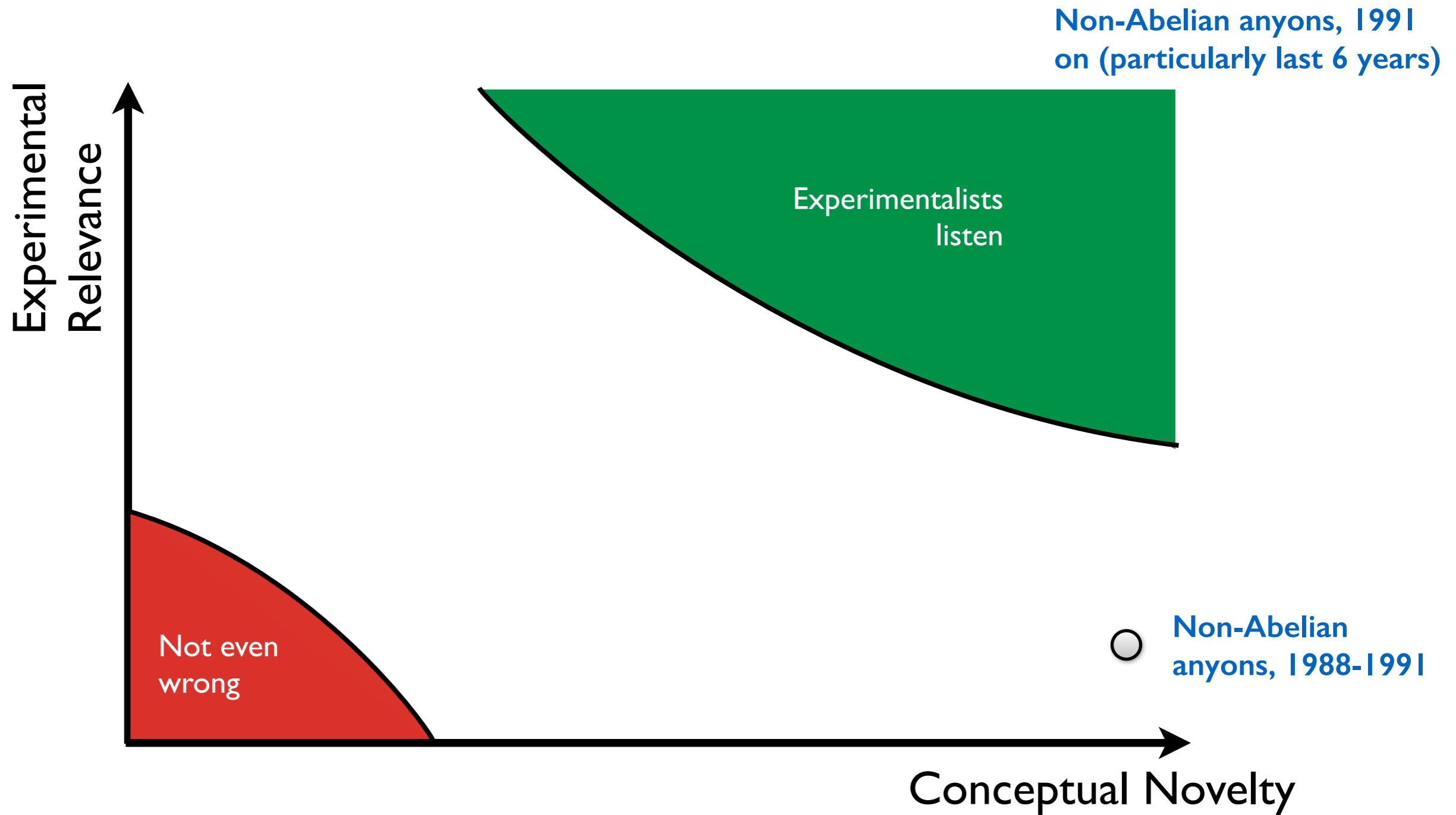
“Fisher plot”



“Fisher plot”



“Fisher plot”



Experimentally
vibrant field

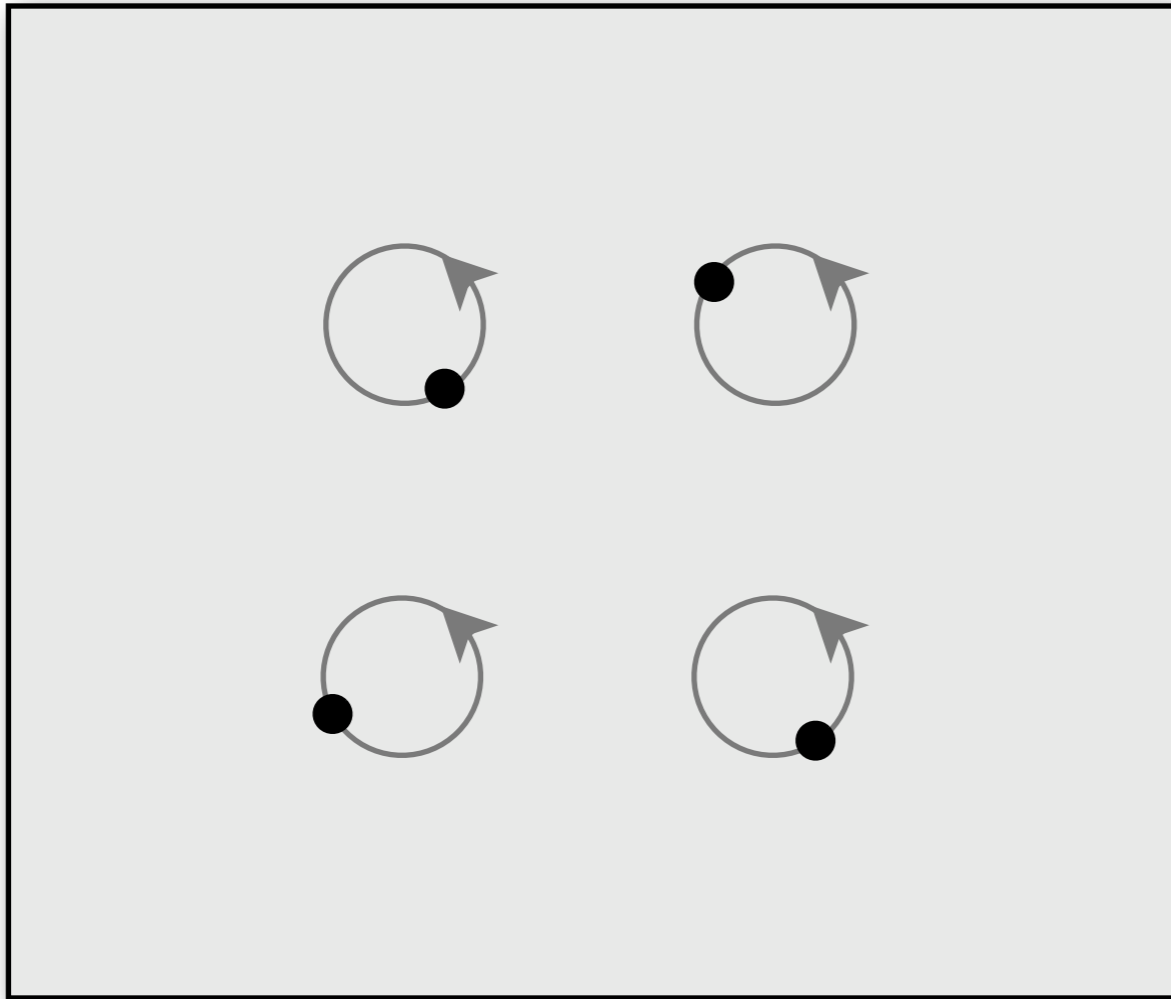


Mathematical
abstraction

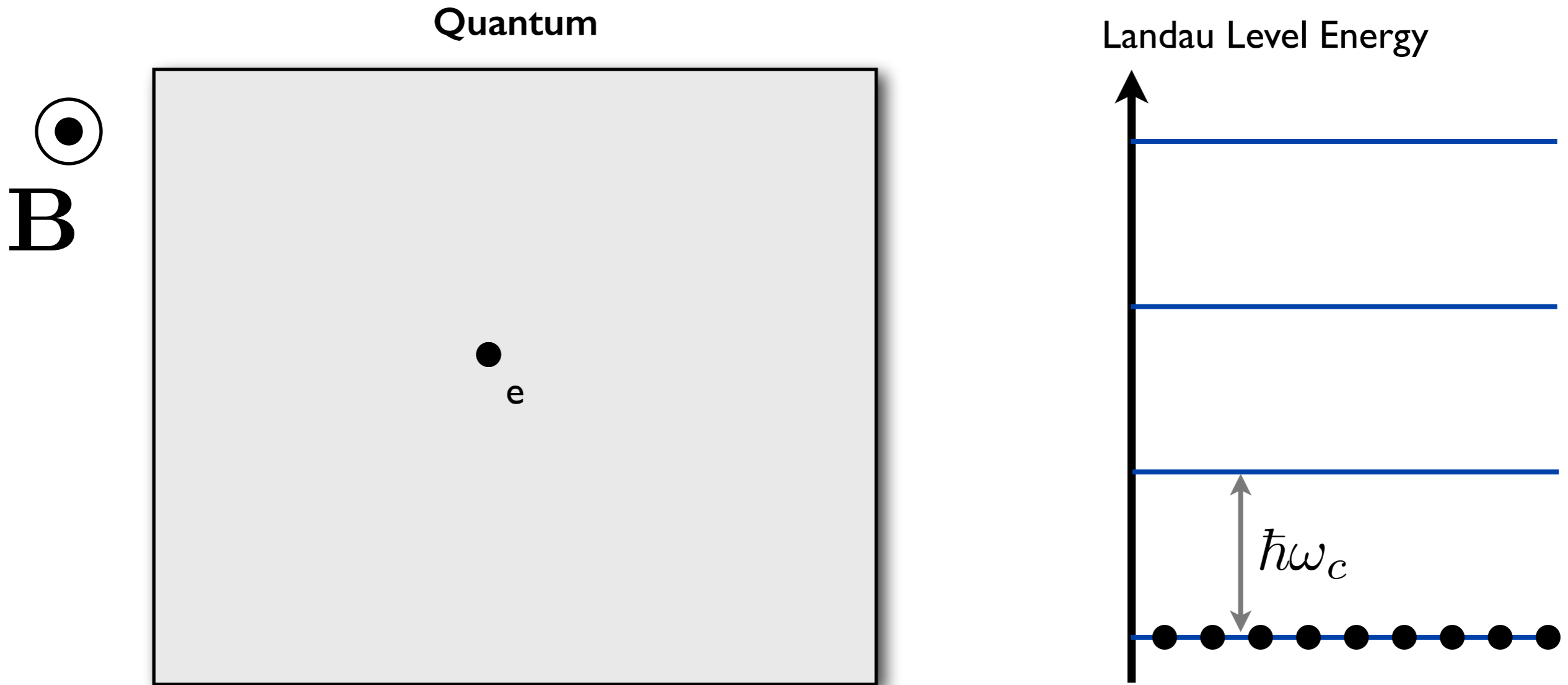
Whirlwind quantum Hall overview

Classical

\odot
B




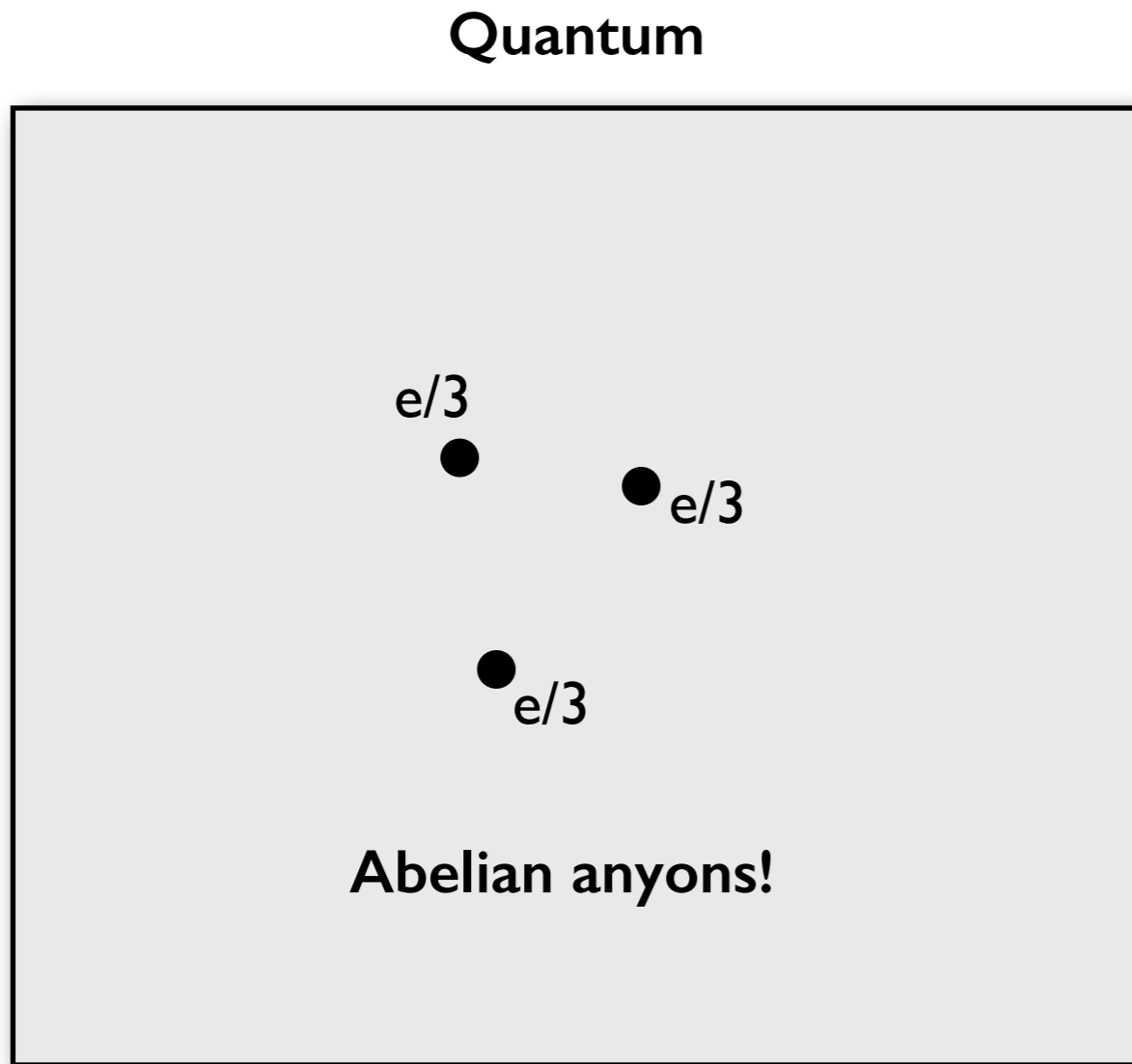
Whirlwind quantum Hall overview



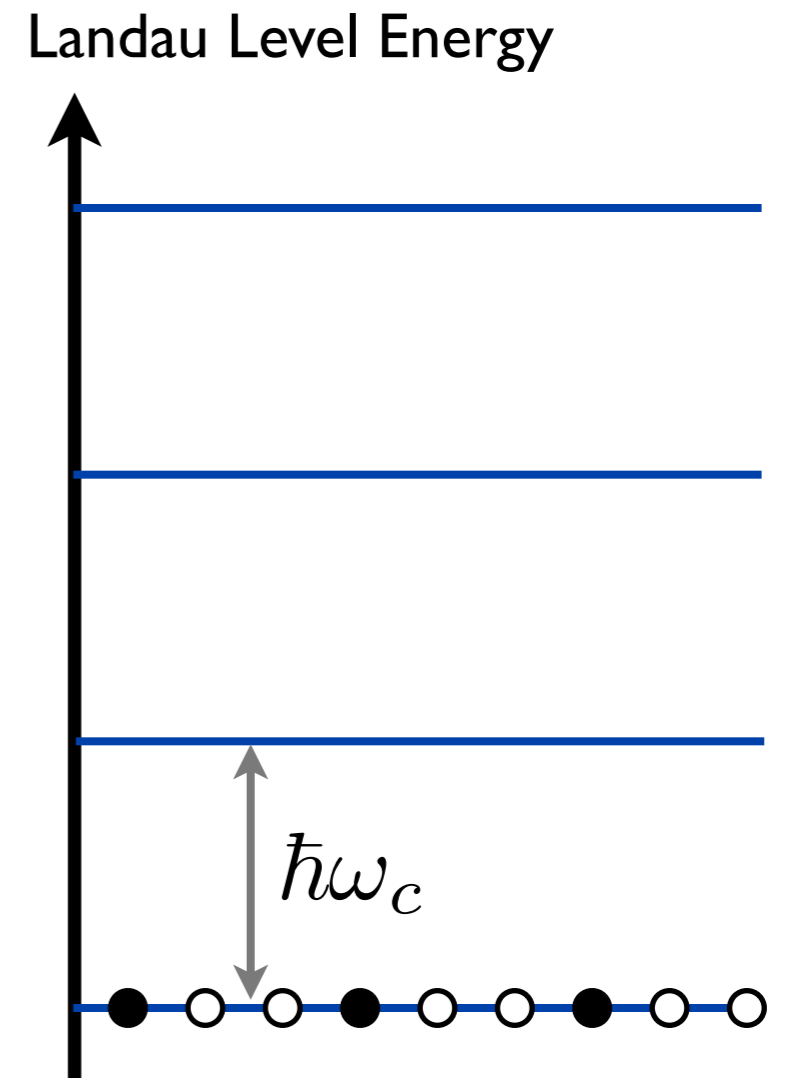
Physics depends sensitively on Landau level filling.

Whirlwind quantum Hall overview

B 



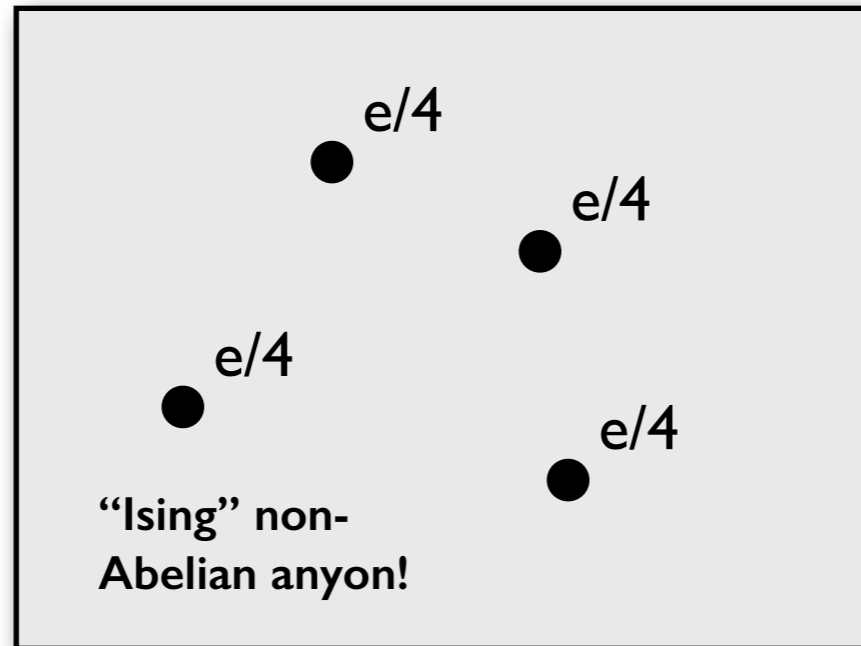
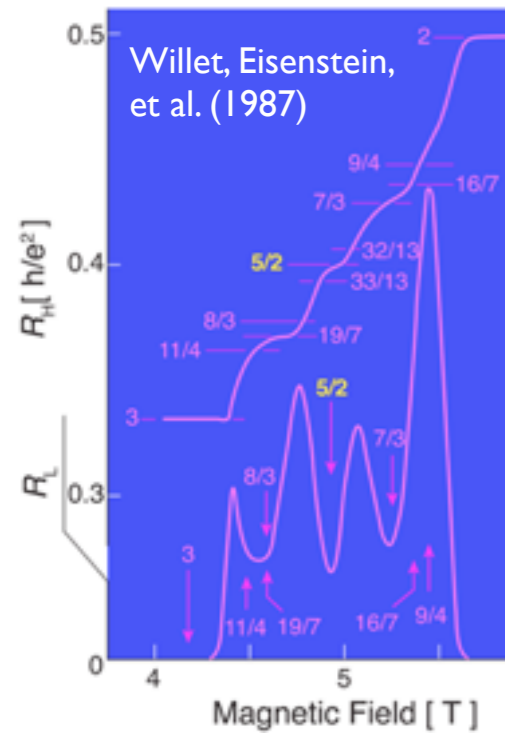
GaAs, graphene, oxide interfaces, CdTe,...



Physics depends sensitively on Landau level filling.

First proposed non-Abelian platforms

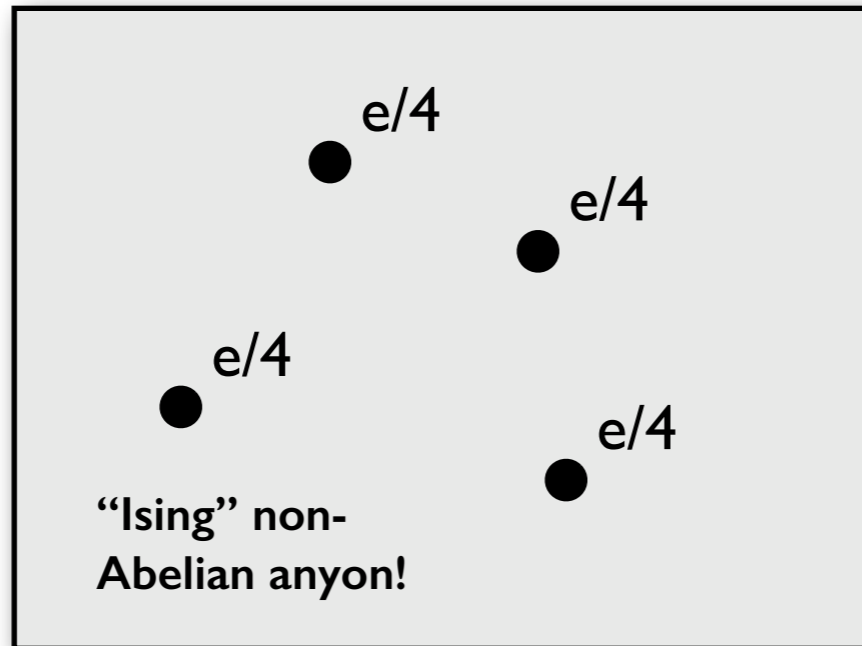
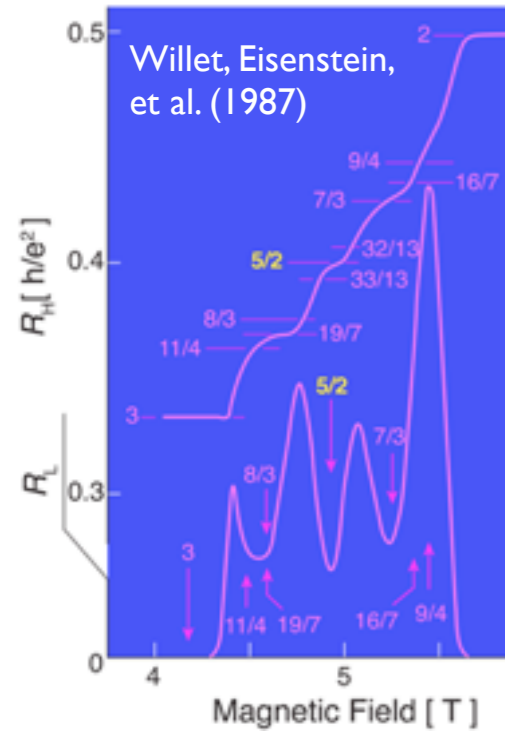
Moore-Read state



Moore & Read (1991)

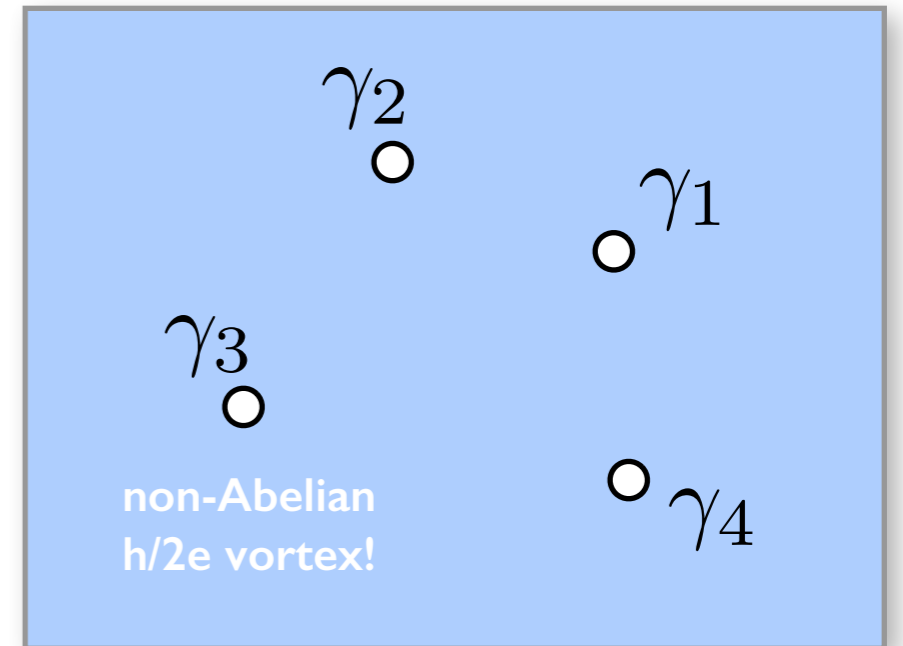
First proposed non-Abelian platforms

Moore-Read state



Moore & Read (1991)

2D “spinless” p+ip superconductor



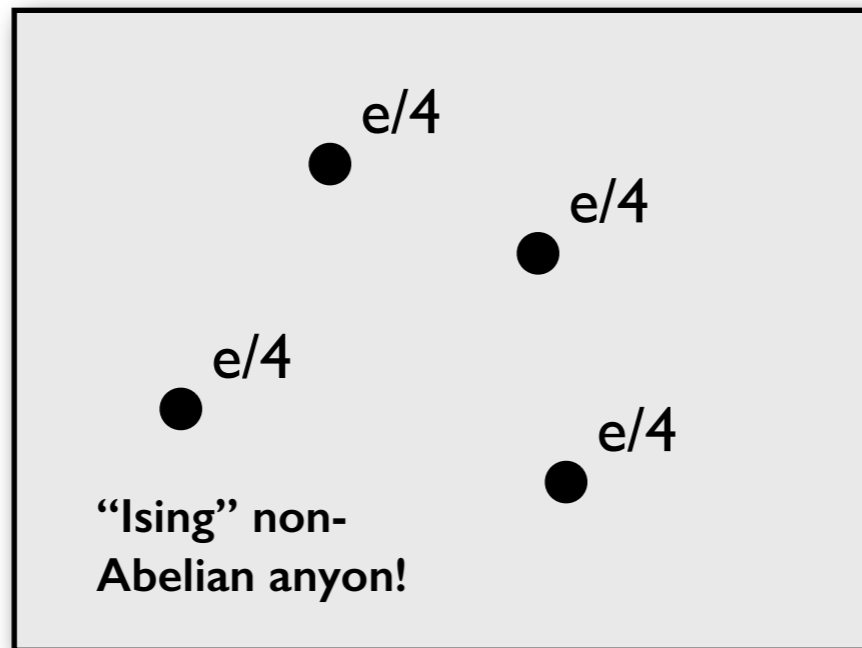
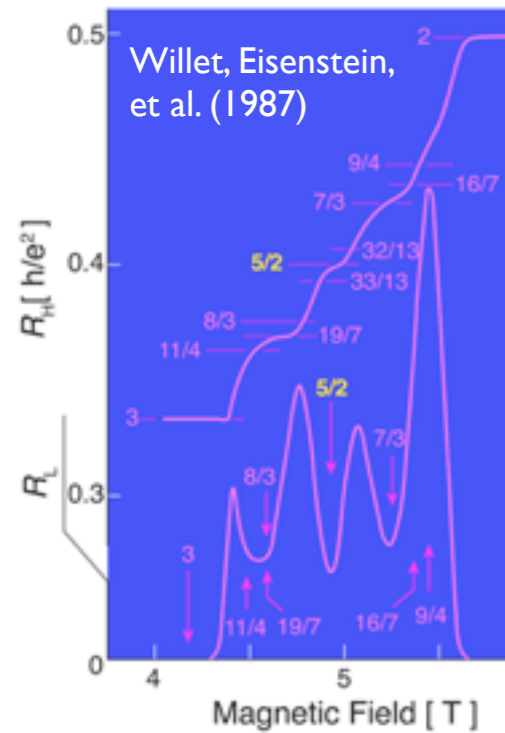
Read & Green (2000); see also He-3 work by Volovik

\sim

First proposed non-Abelian platforms

Moore-Read state

2D “spinless” p+ip superconductor



Moore & Read (1991)

~



Read & Green (2000); see also He-3 work by Volovik

Degeneracy encoded in Majorana zero-modes

$$\gamma_i^\dagger = \gamma_i \quad \gamma_i^2 = 1 \quad \gamma_i \gamma_j = -\gamma_j \gamma_i$$

Note: these are very different from Ettore Majorana’s fermionic particles that are own antiparticles.

One Majorana = “half” a fermion

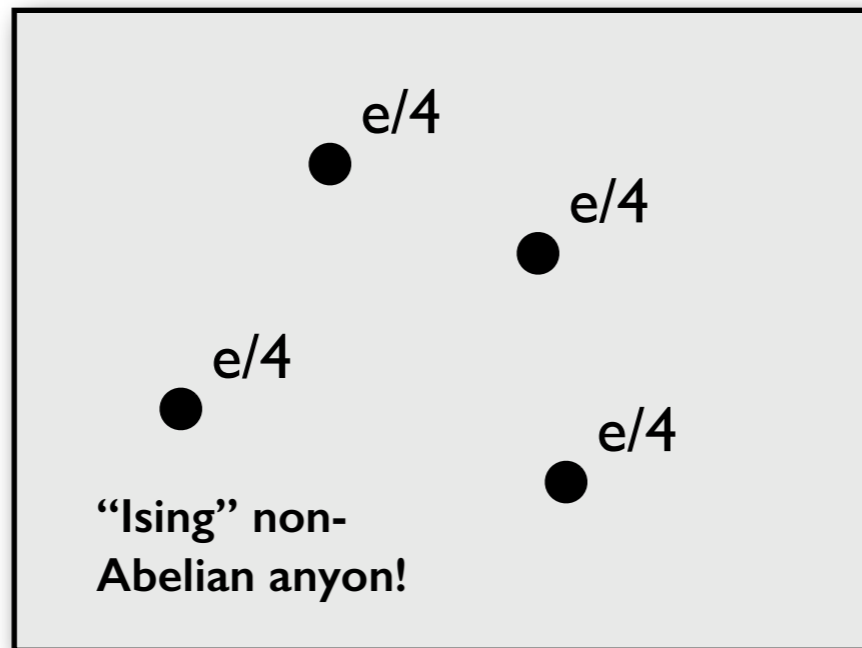
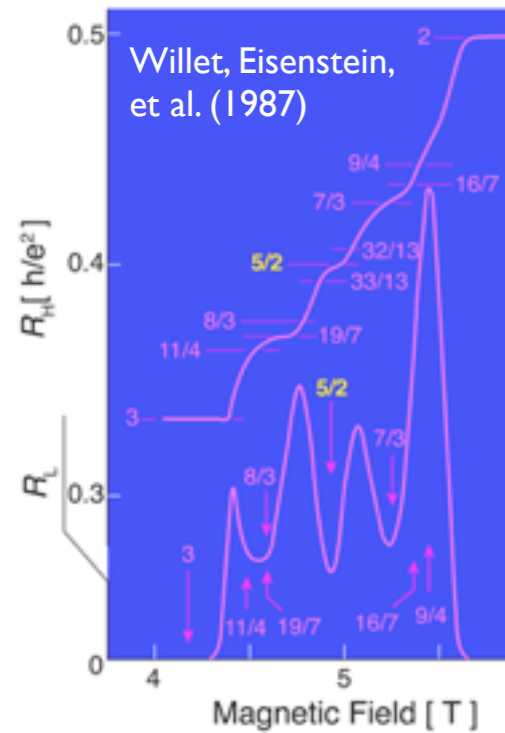
$$f_A = \gamma_1 + i\gamma_2$$

$$f_B = \gamma_3 + i\gamma_4$$

First proposed non-Abelian platforms

Moore-Read state

2D “spinless” p+ip superconductor



Moore & Read (1991)

\sim



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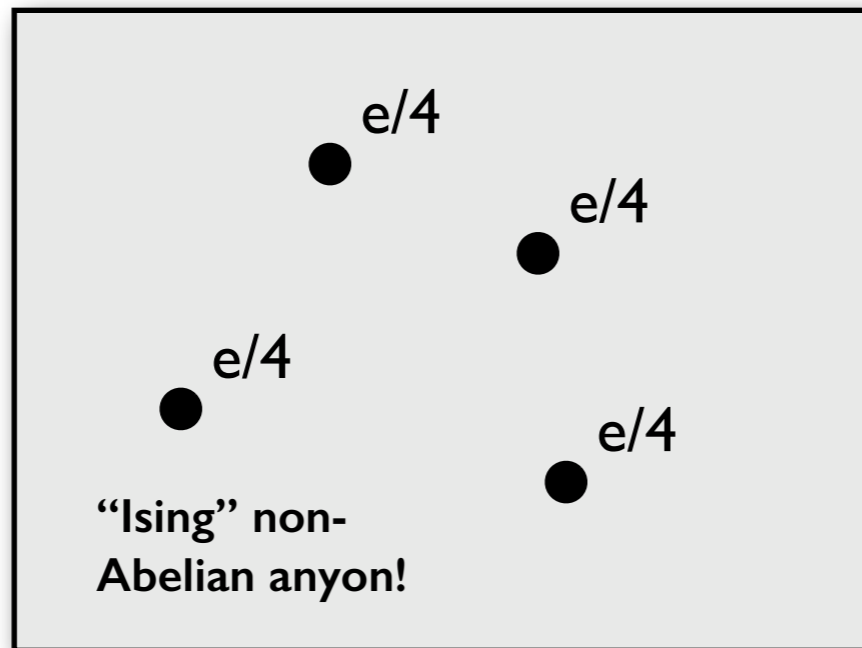
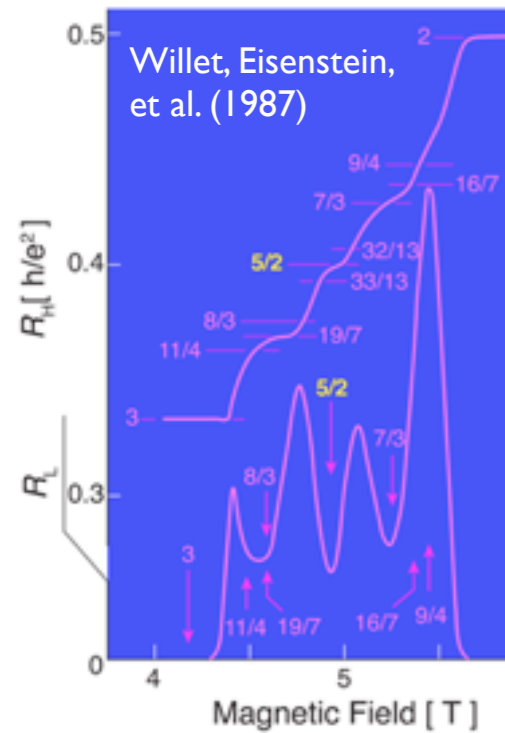
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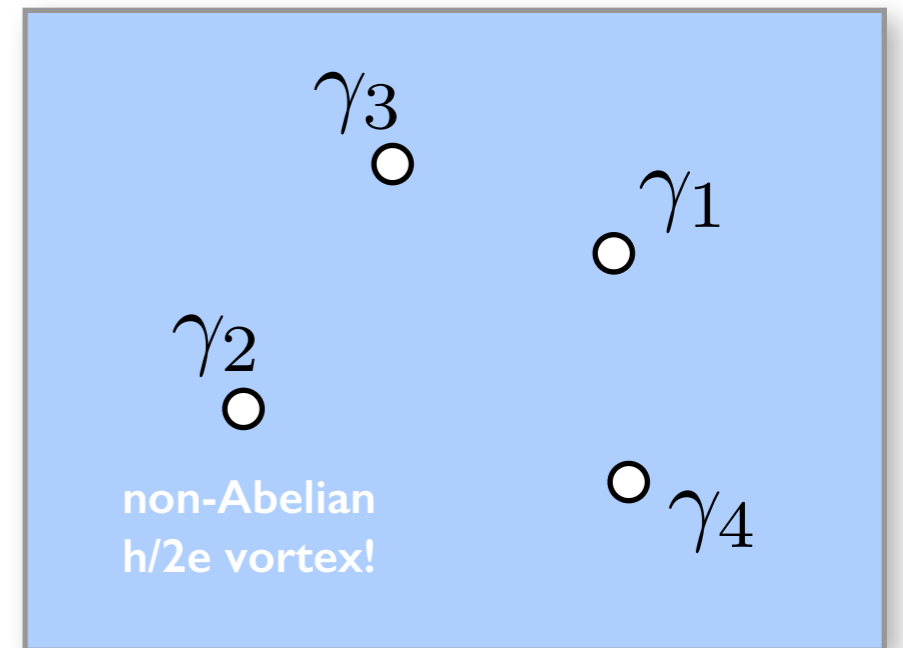
Moore-Read state

2D “spinless” p+ip superconductor



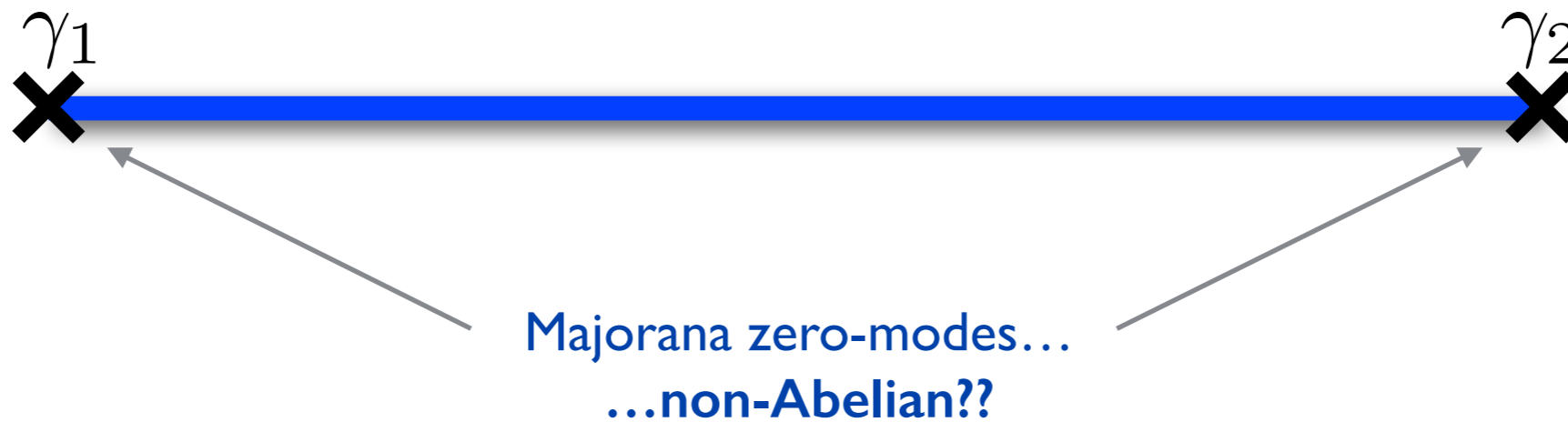
Moore & Read (1991)

\sim



Read & Green (2000); see also He-3 work by Volovik

1D “spinless” p-wave superconductor

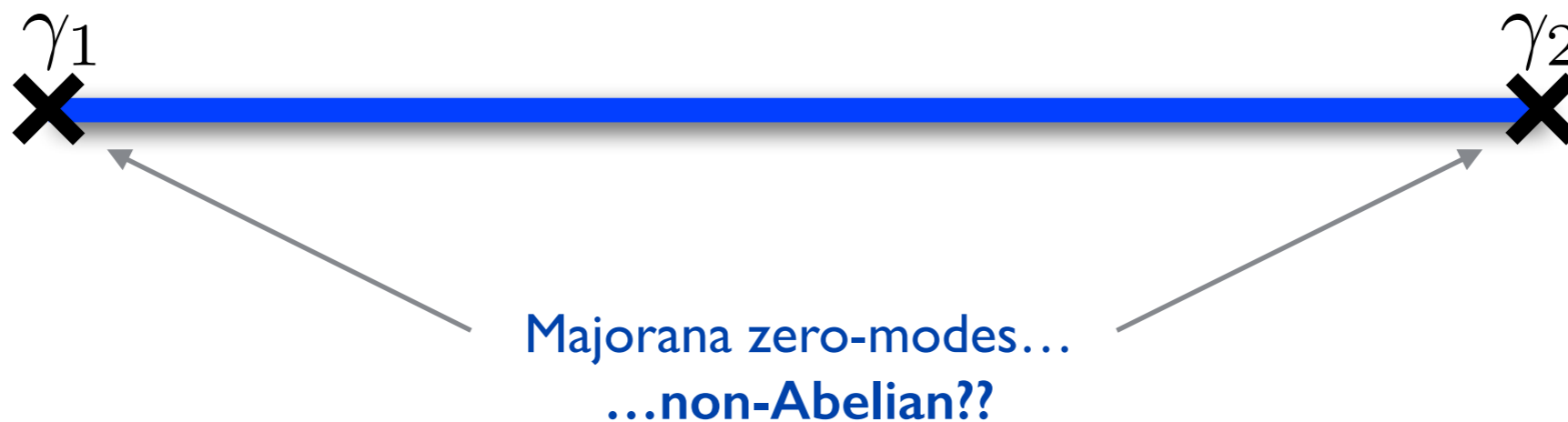


First proposed non-Abelian platforms

Historical view: exotic exchange statistics special to 2D world

Modern thinking: non-Abelian statistics possible in any dimension!

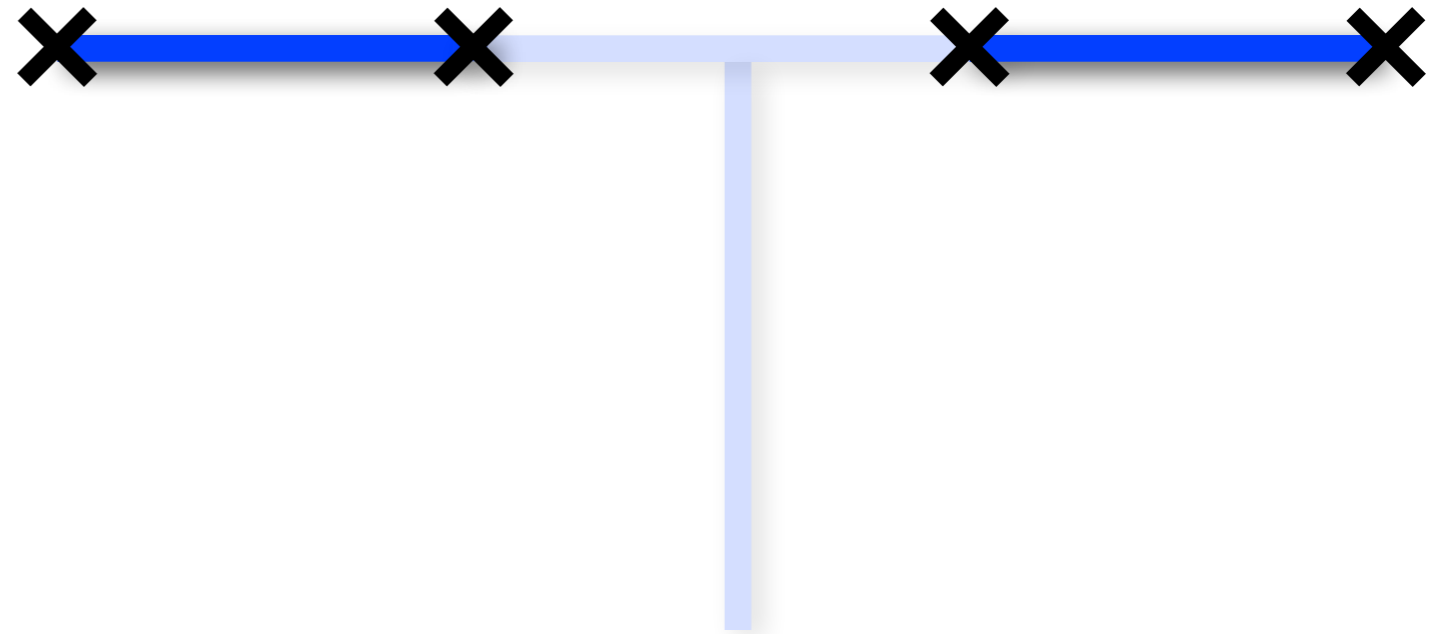
1D “spinless” p-wave superconductor



First proposed non-Abelian platforms

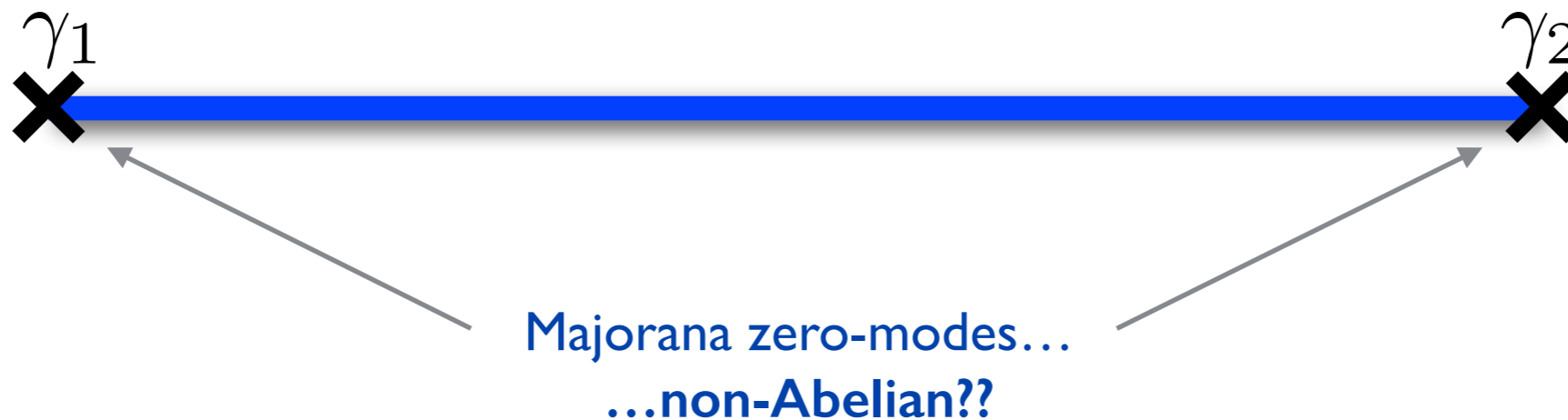
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JA, Oreg, Refael, von Oppen, Fisher, (2010); Clarke, Sau, Tewari (2010); Halperin, Oreg, Stern, Refael, JA, von Oppen, (2011); Beenakker's group (2011, 13)

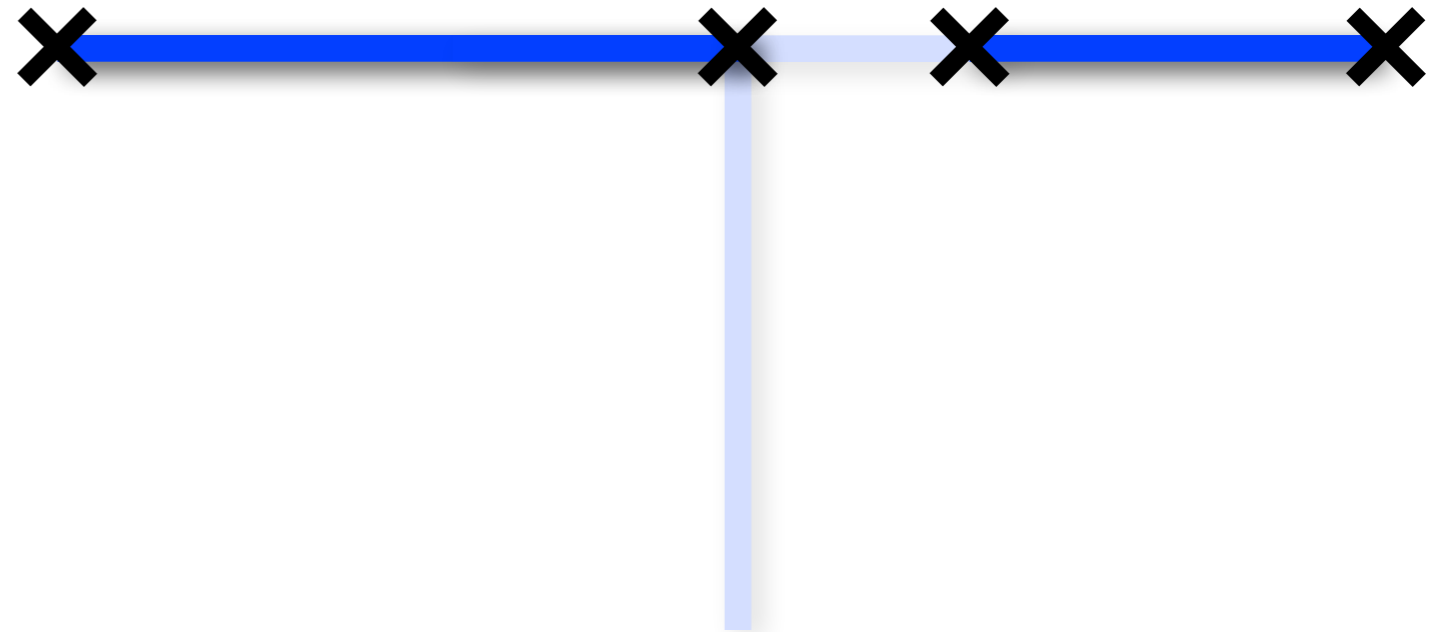
1D "spinless" p-wave superconductor



First proposed non-Abelian platforms

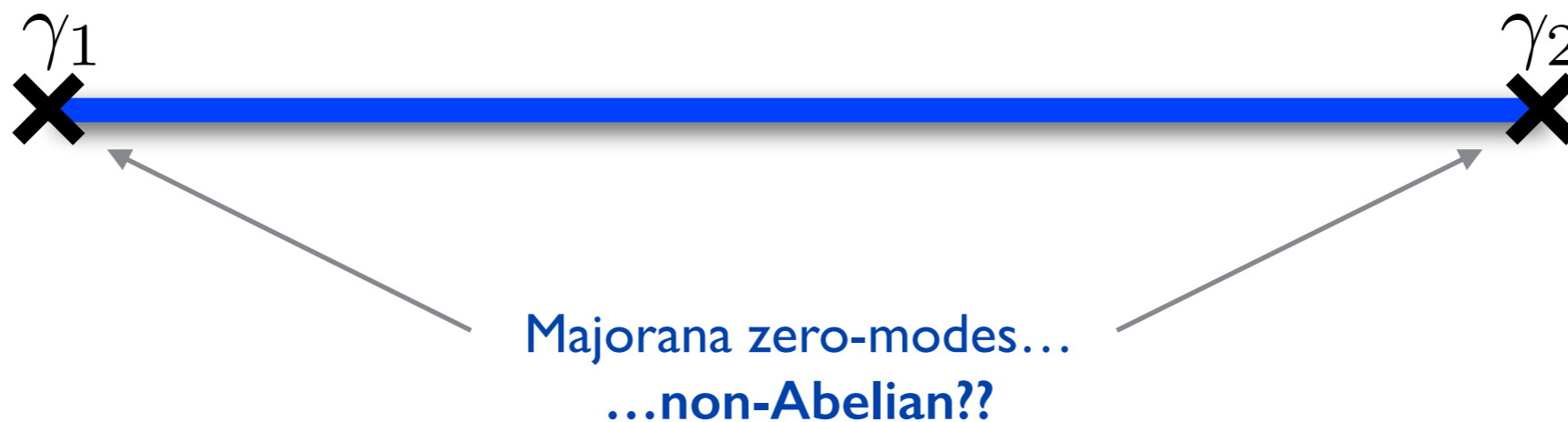
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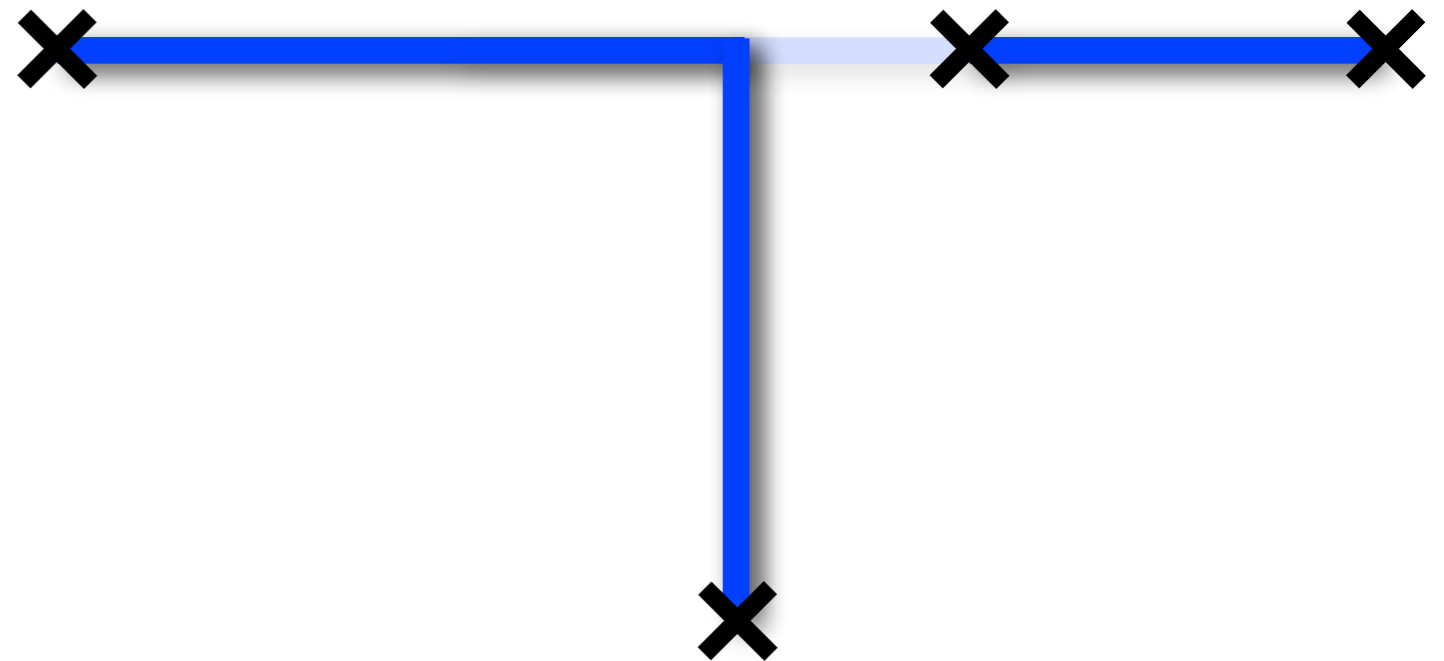
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First proposed non-Abelian platforms

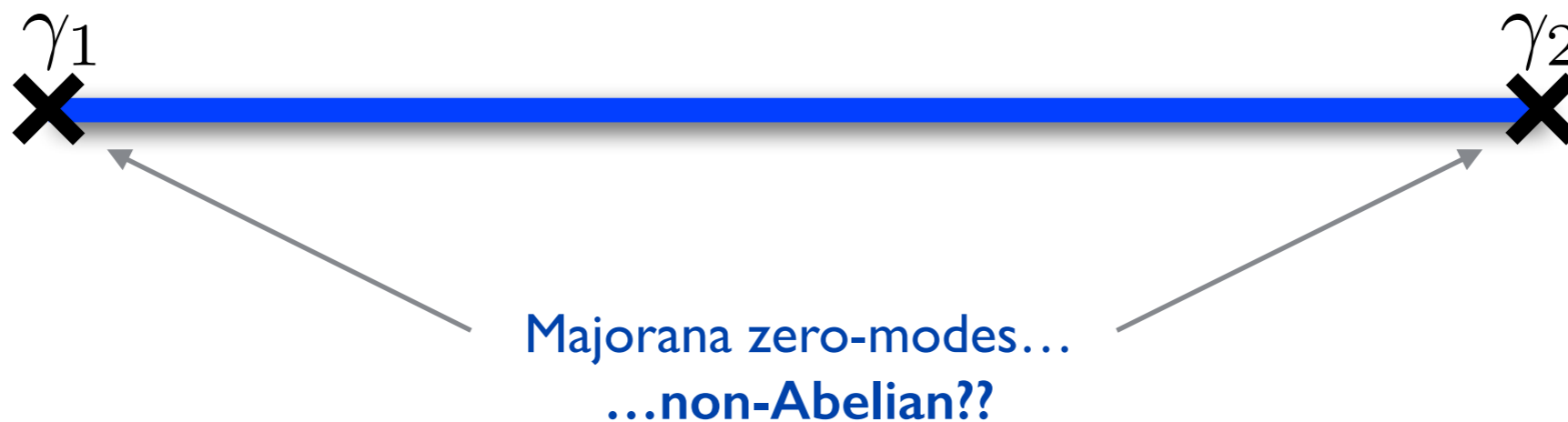
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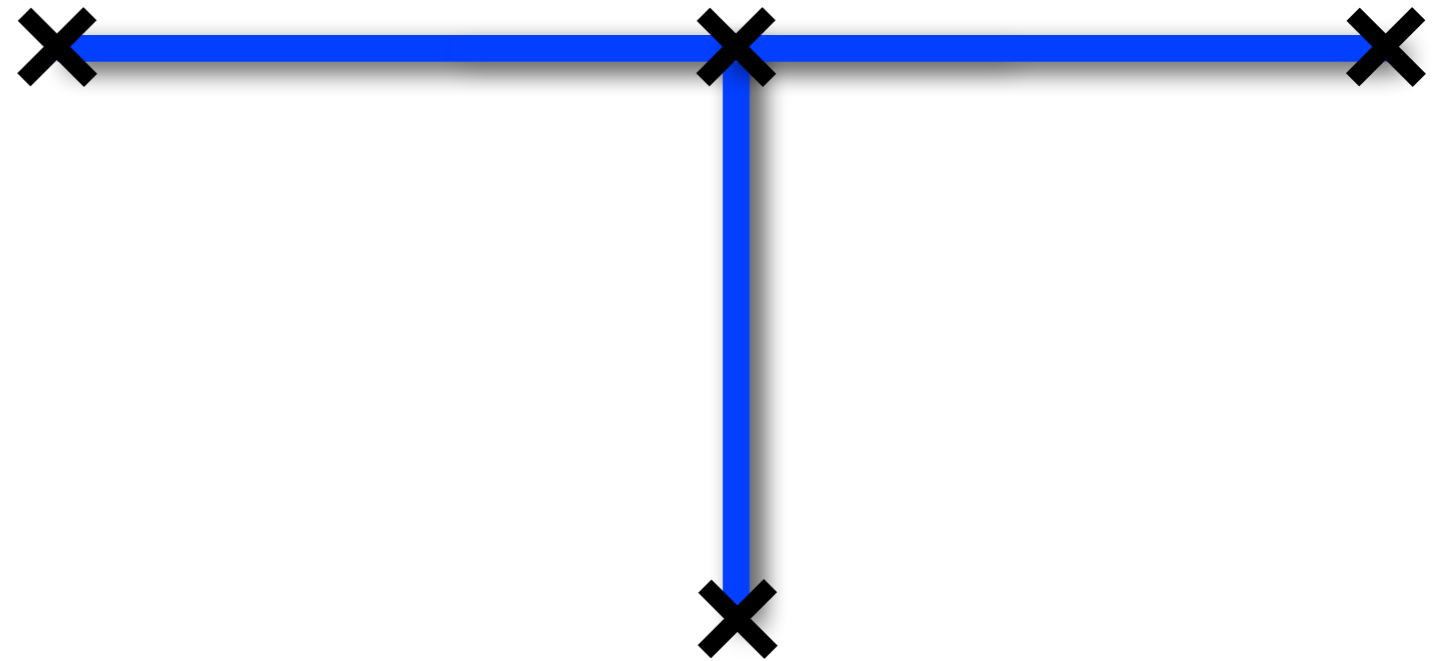


Majorana zero-modes...
...non-Abelian??

First proposed non-Abelian platforms

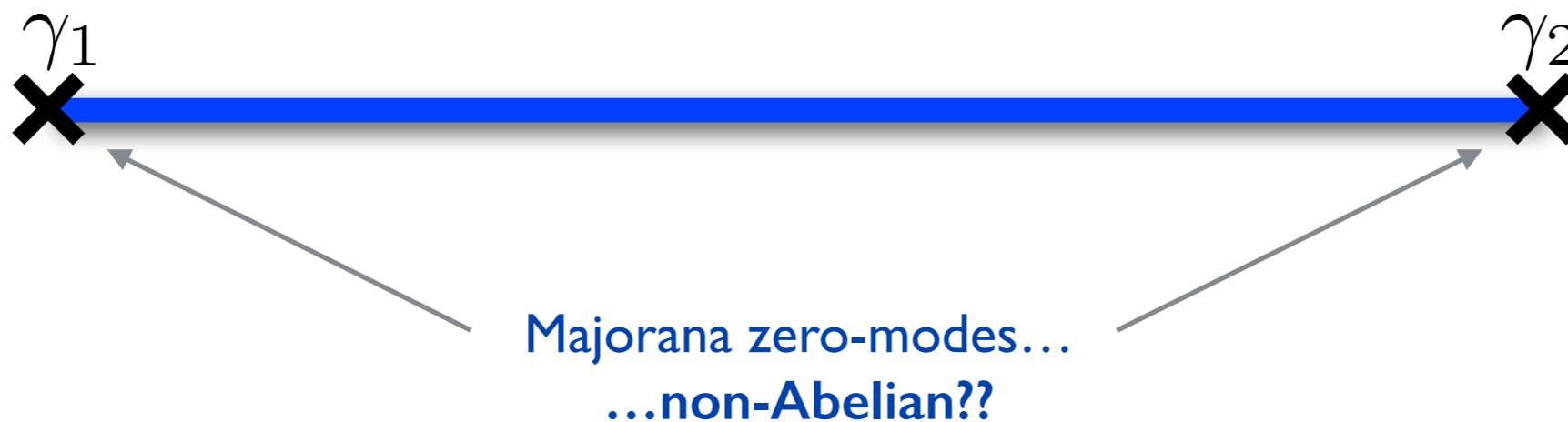
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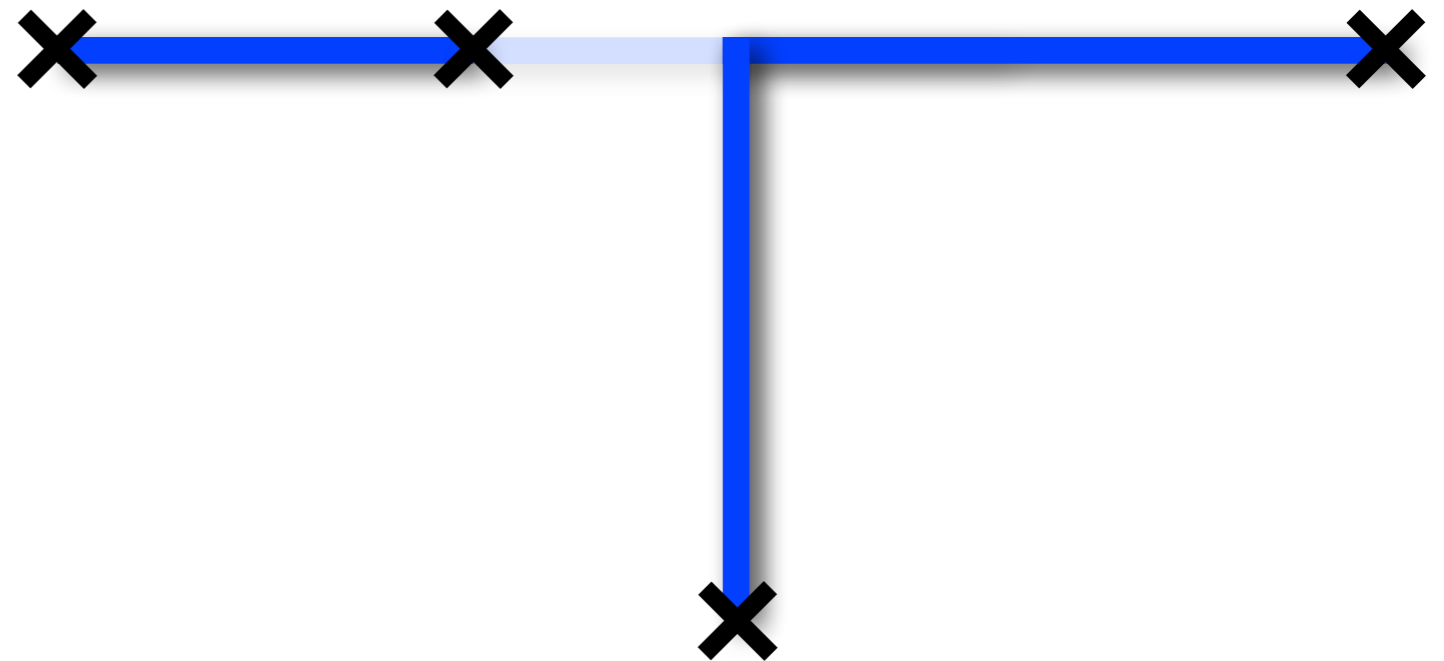
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First proposed non-Abelian platforms

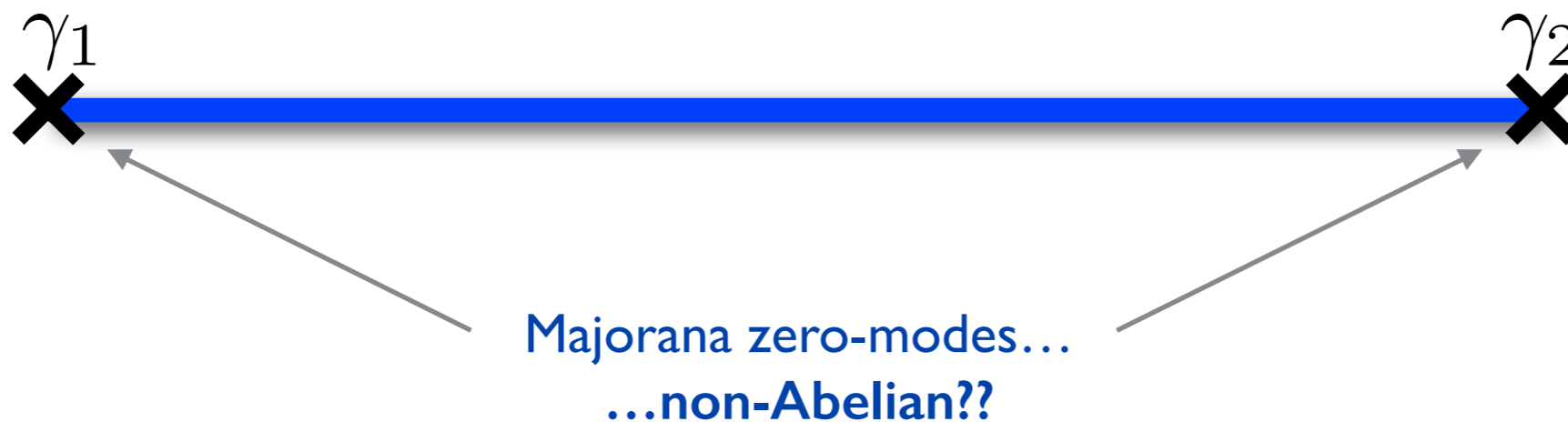
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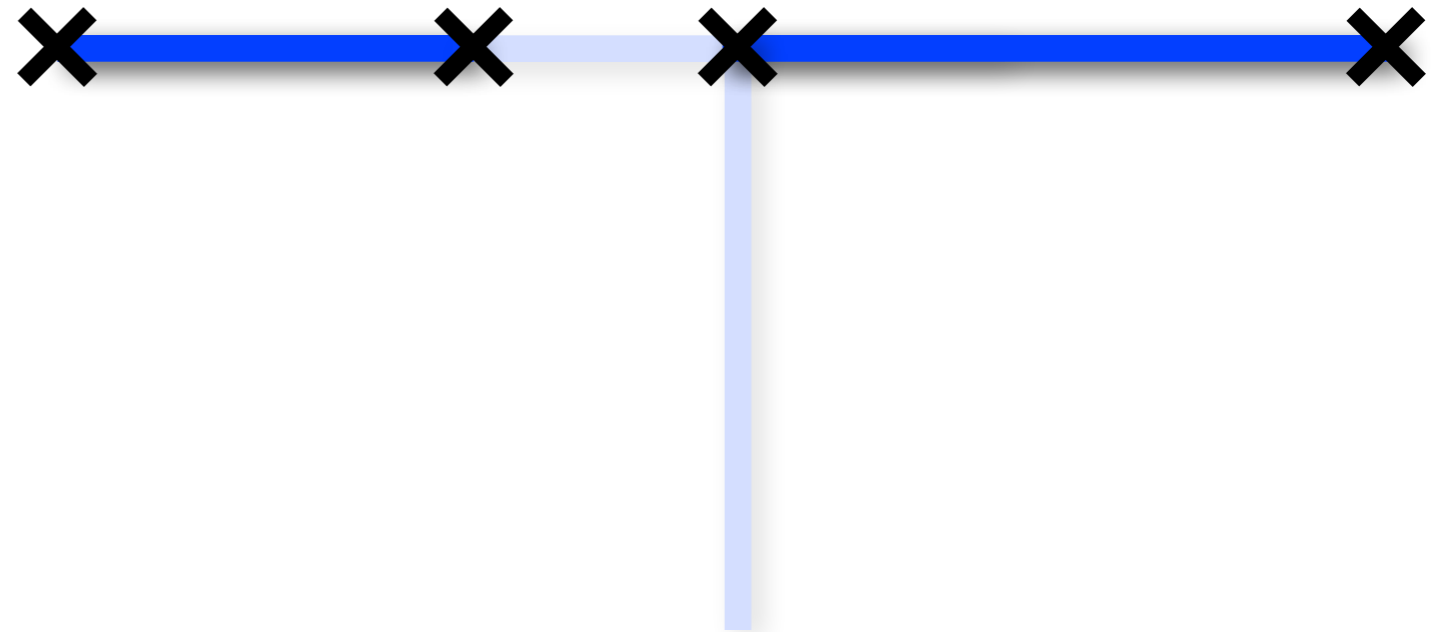
1D "spinless" p-wave superconductor



First proposed non-Abelian platforms

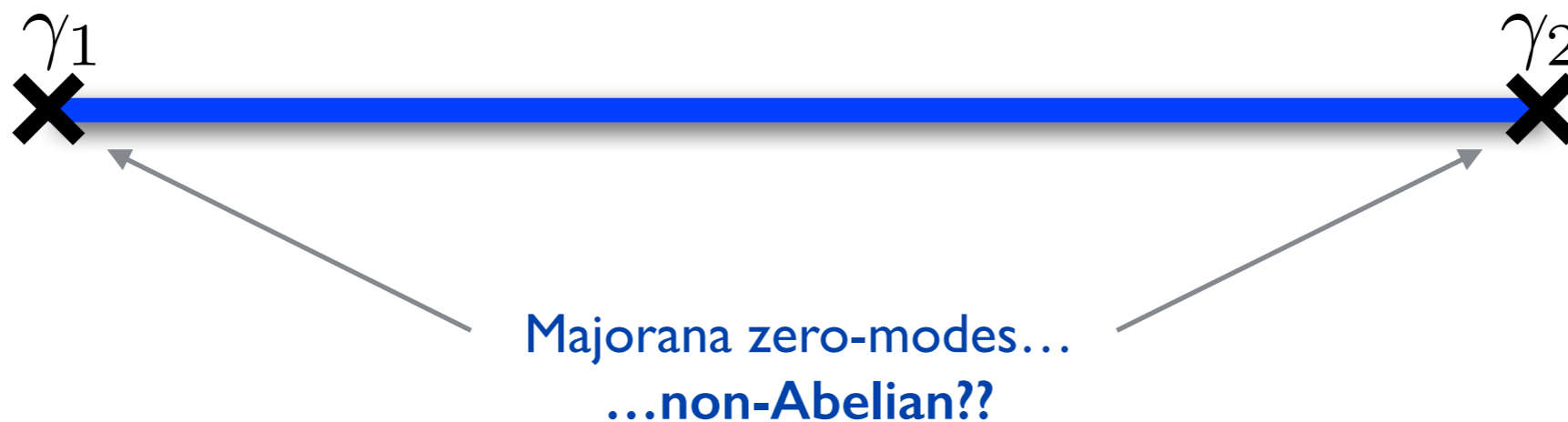
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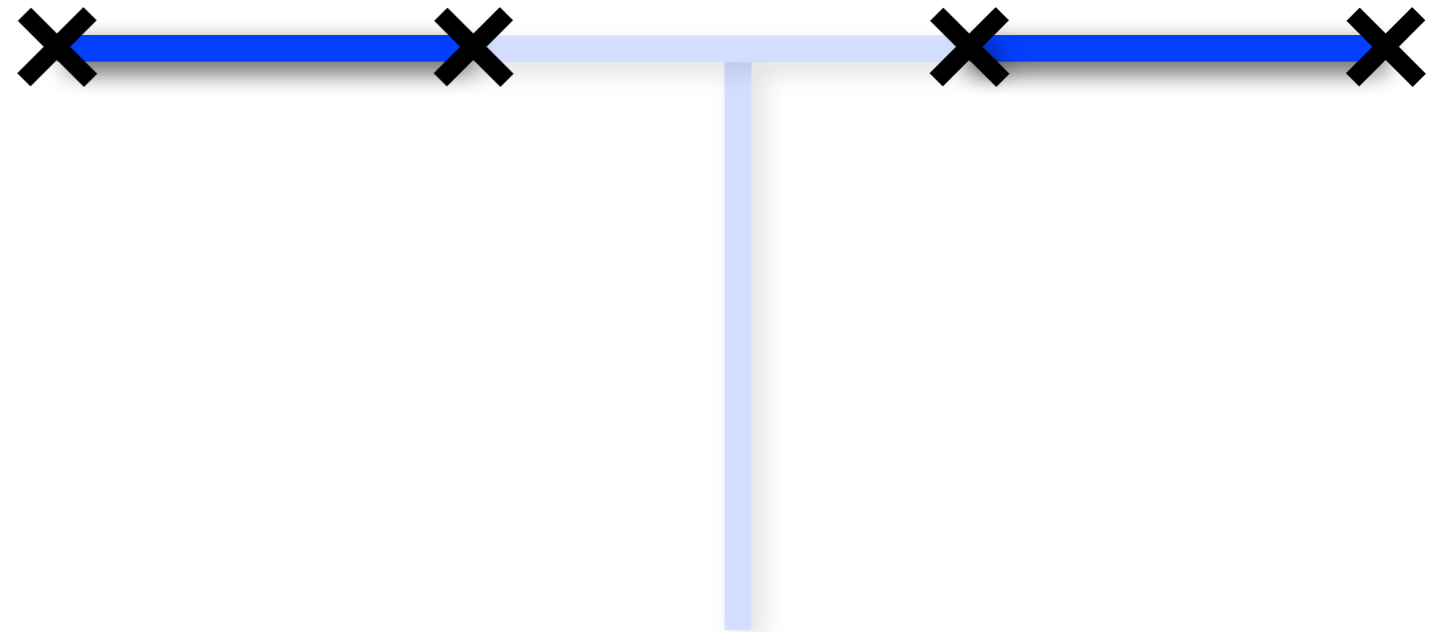
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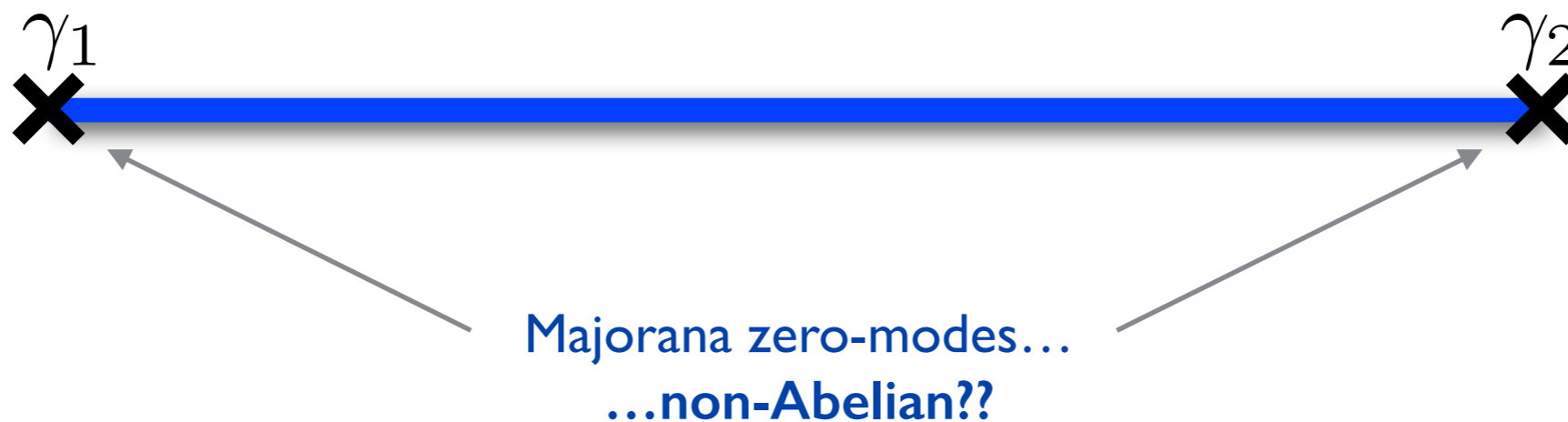
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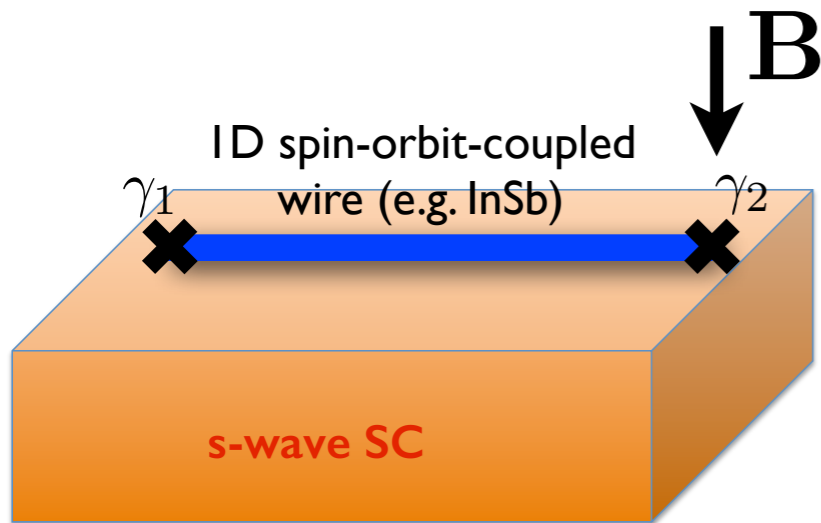


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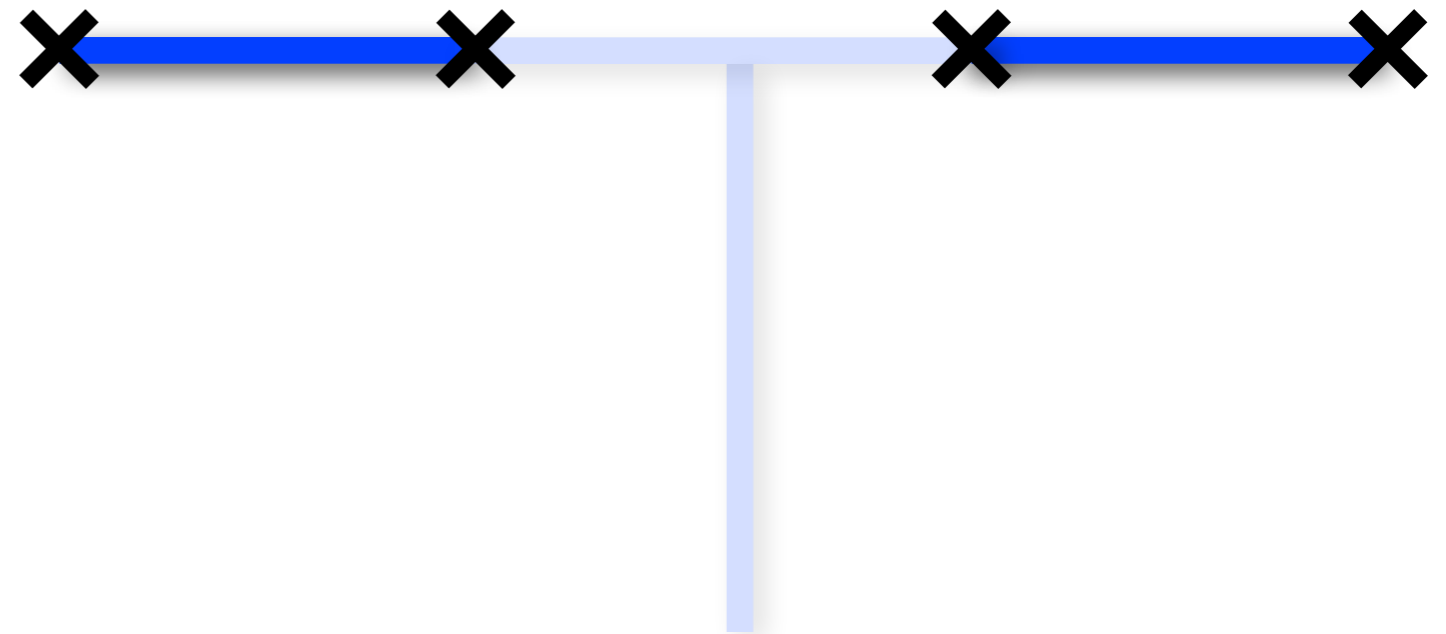
1D "spinless" p-wave superconductor



Designer 1D Majorana platforms



Lutchyn, Sau, Das Sarma (2010);
Oreg, Refael, von Oppen (2010)



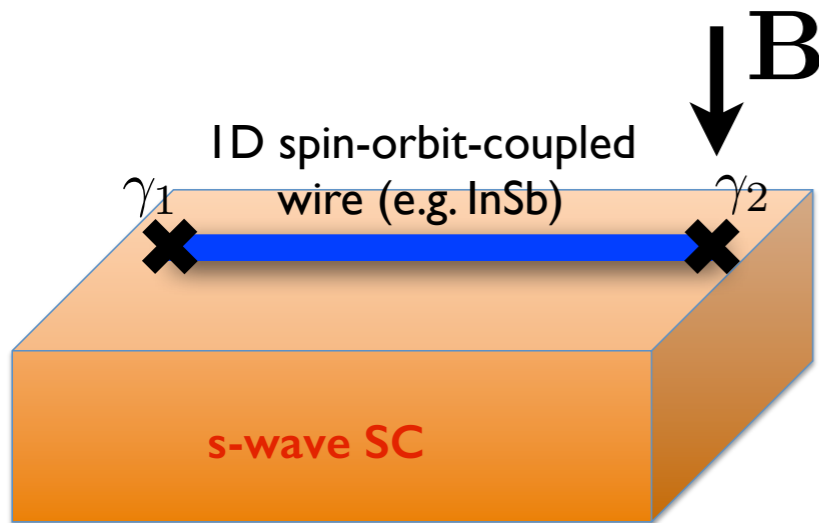
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Majorana zero-modes...
...non-Abelian??

Designer 1D Majorana platforms



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Signatures of Majorana Fermions in Hybrid Superconductor-Semiconductor Nanowire Devices

V. Mourik,^{1*} K. Zuo,^{1*} S. M. Frolov,¹ S. R. Plissard,² E. P. A. M. Bakkers,^{1,2} L. P. Kouwenhoven^{1†}

Evidence of Majorana fermions in an Al – InAs nanowire topological superconductor

Anindya Das^{*}, Yuval Ronen^{*}, Yonatan Most, Yuval Oreg, Moty Heiblum[#], and Hadas Shtrikman

Observation of Majorana Fermions in a Nb-InSb Nanowire-Nb Hybrid Quantum Device

M. T. Deng,¹ C. L. Yu,¹ G. Y. Huang,¹ M. Larsson,¹ P. Caroff,² and H. Q. Xu^{1,3,*}

Superconductor-Nanowire Devices from Tunneling to the Multichannel Regime: Zero-Bias Oscillations and Magnetoconductance Crossover

H. O. H. Churchill,^{1,2} V. Fatemi,² K. Grove-Rasmussen,³ M. T. Deng,⁴ P. Caroff,⁴ H. Q. Xu,^{4,5} and C. M. Marcus

Spin-resolved Andreev levels and parity crossings in hybrid superconductor-semiconductor nanostructures

Eduardo J. H. Lee¹, Xiaocheng Jiang², Manuel Houzet³, Ramón Aguado³, Charles M. Lieber² and Silvano De Franceschi^{2*}

Parity lifetime of bound states in a proximitized semiconductor nanowire

A. P. Higginbotham,^{1,2,*} S. M. Albrecht,^{1,*} G. Kiršanskas,¹ W. Chang,^{1,2} F. Kuemmeth,¹ P. Krogstrup,¹ T. S. Jespersen,¹ J. Nygård,¹ K. Flensberg,¹ and C. M. Marcus¹

Observation of the fractional ac Josephson effect: the signature of Majorana particles

Leonid P. Rokhinson,^{1,2,*} Xinyu Liu,³ and Jacek K. Furdyna³

Anomalous Modulation of a Zero-Bias Peak in a Hybrid Nanowire-Superconductor Device

A. D. K. Finck, D. J. Van Harlingen, P. K. Mohseni, K. Jung, and X. Li
Phys. Rev. Lett. **110**, 126406 (2013)

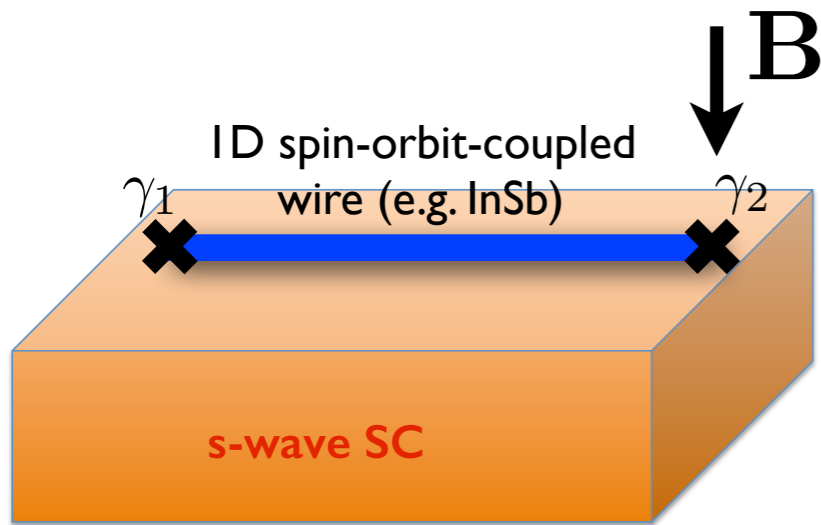
Observation of Majorana fermions in ferromagnetic atomic chains on a superconductor (not nanowire setup)

Stevan Nadj-Perge,^{1*} Ilya K. Drozdov,^{1*} Jian Li,^{1*} Hua Chen,^{2*} Sangjun Jeon,¹ Jungpil Seo,¹ Allan H. MacDonald,² B. Andrei Bernevig,¹ Ali Yazdani^{1†}

Hard gap in epitaxial semiconductor-superconductor nanowires

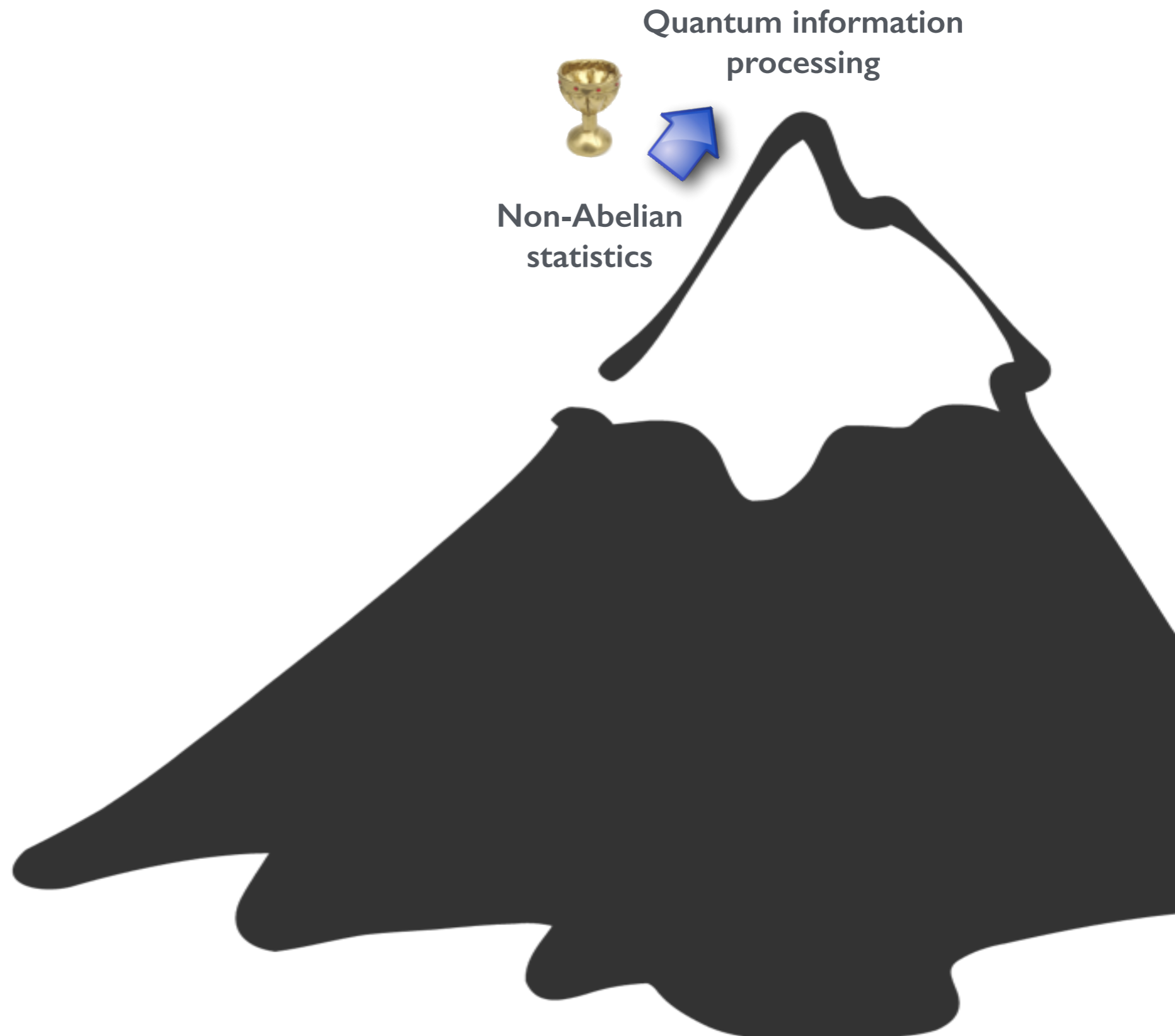
W. Chang^{1,2}, S. M. Albrecht¹, T. S. Jespersen¹, F. Kuemmeth¹, P. Krogstrup¹, J. Nygård¹ and C. M. Marcus^{1*}

Majorana Milestones

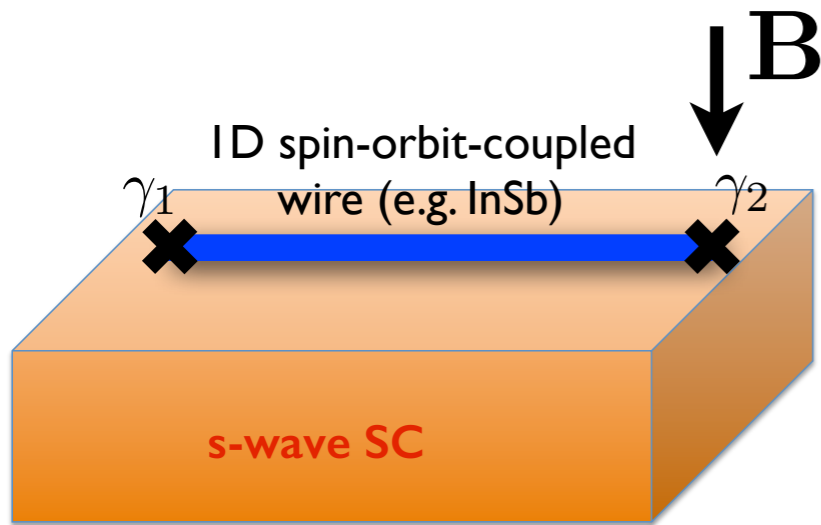


Lutchyn, Sau, Das Sarma (2010);
Oreg, Refael, von Oppen (2010)

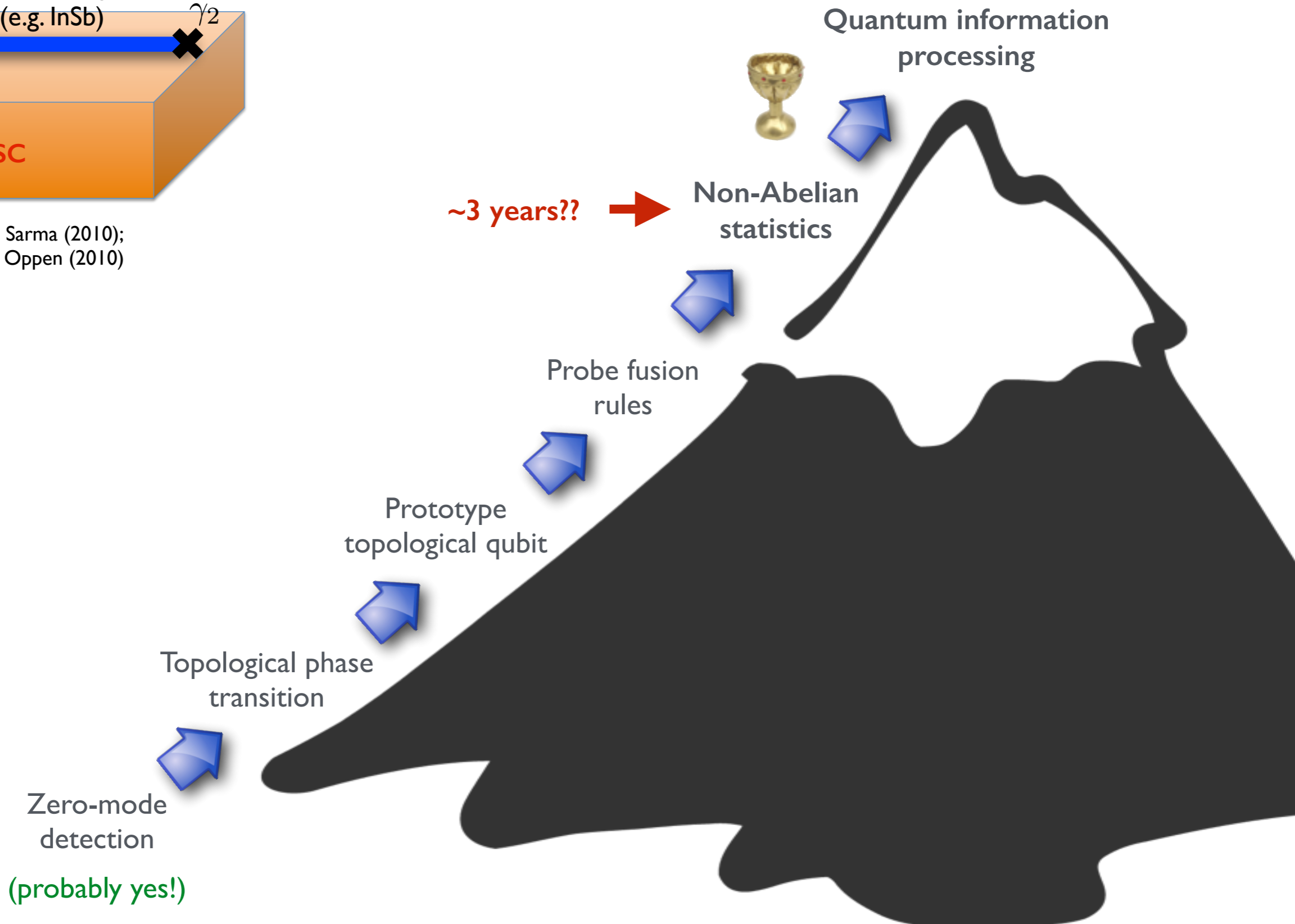
Zero-mode
detection
(probably yes!)



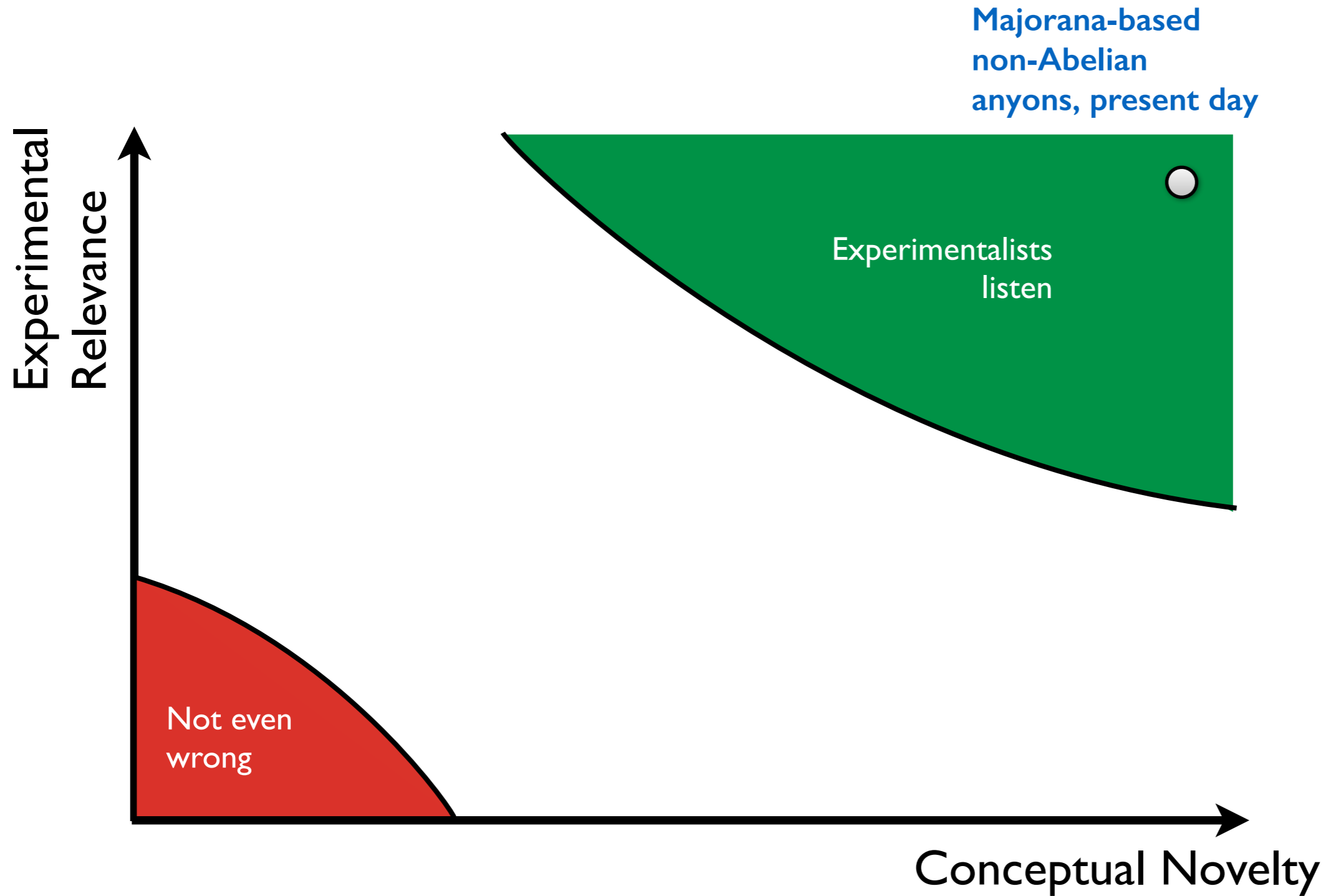
Majorana Milestones



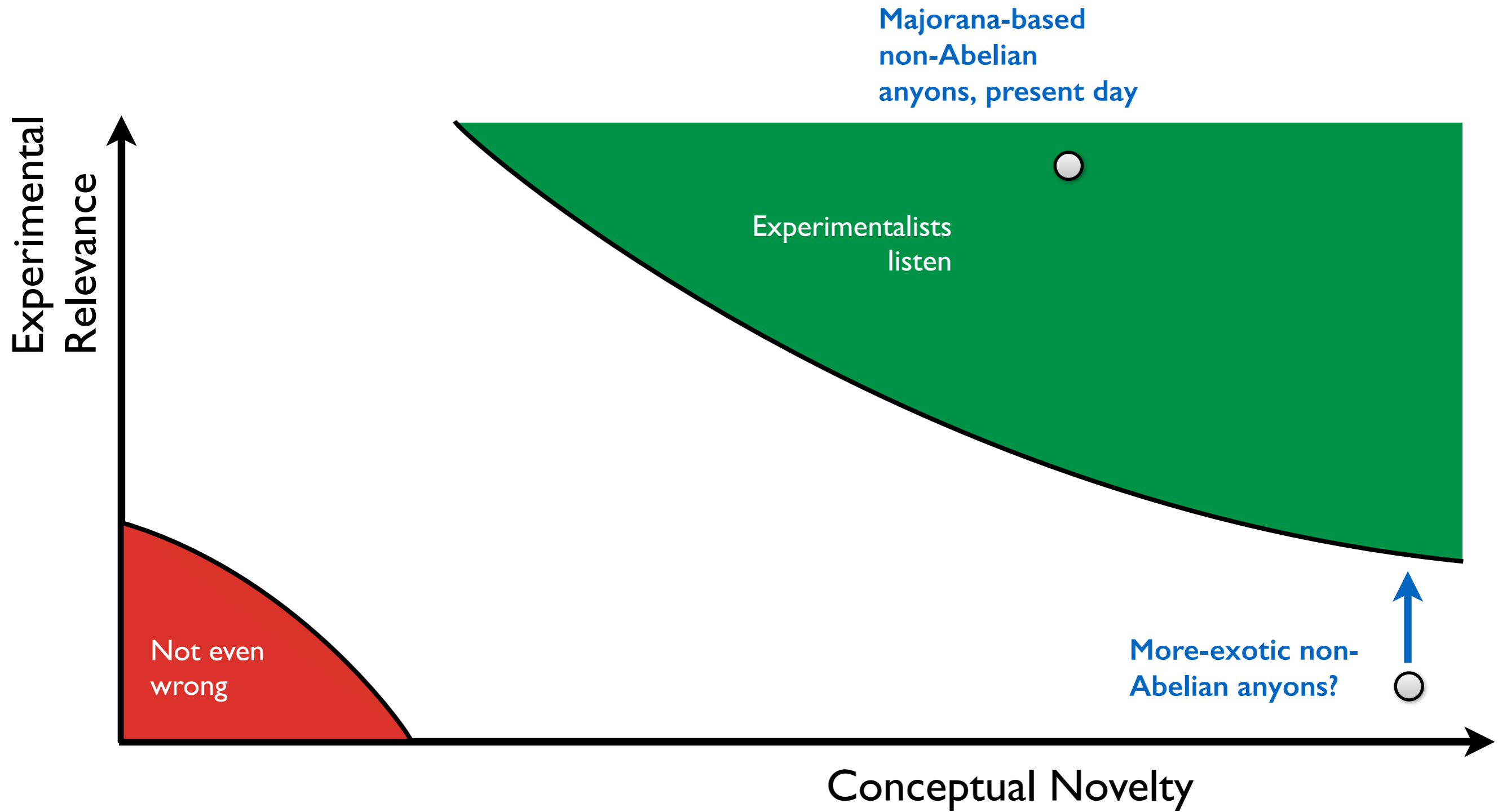
Lutchyn, Sau, Das Sarma (2010);
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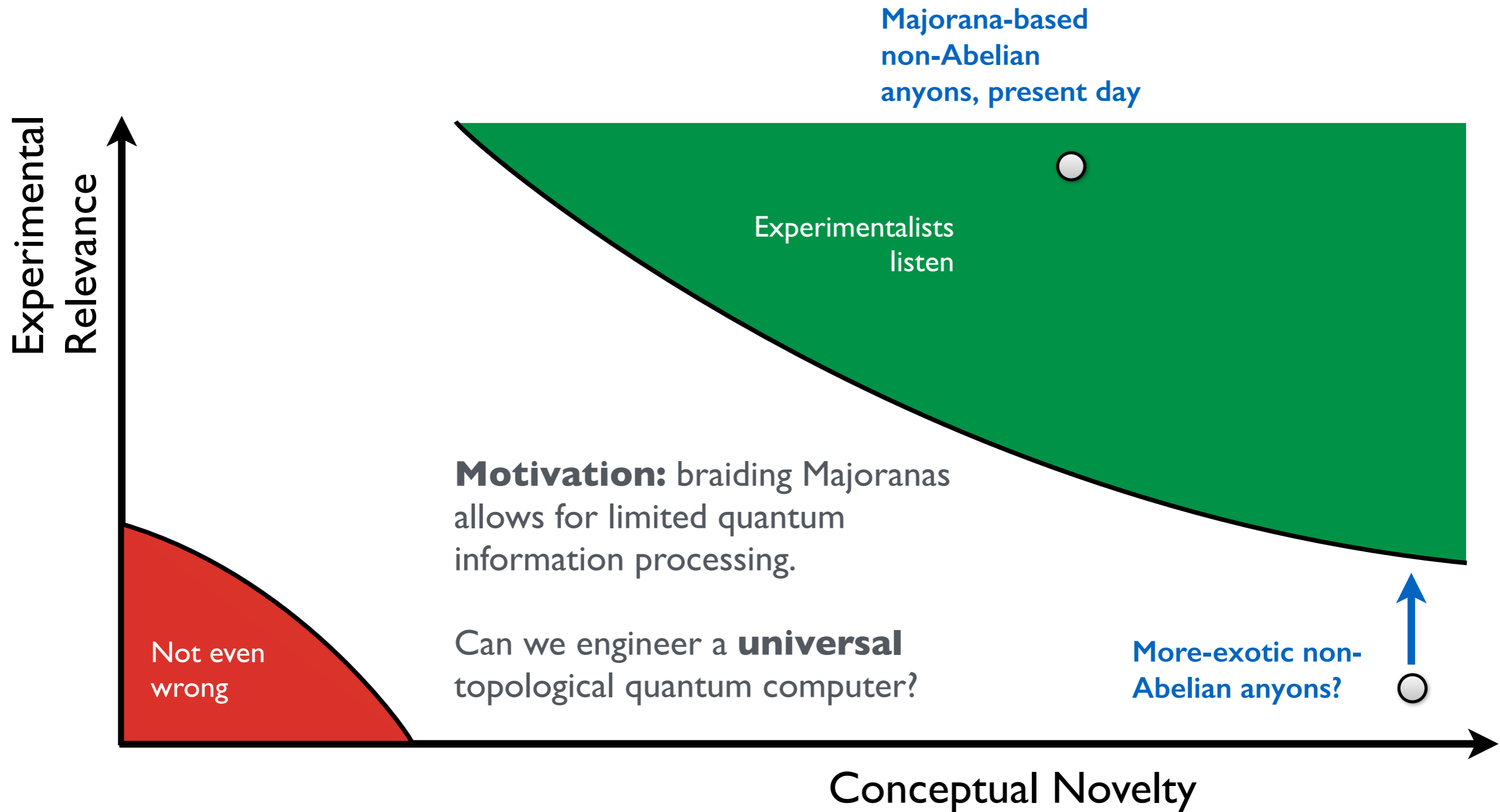
“Fisher plot”



“Fisher plot”



“Fisher plot”

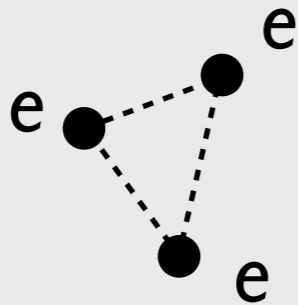




Fibonacci anyons



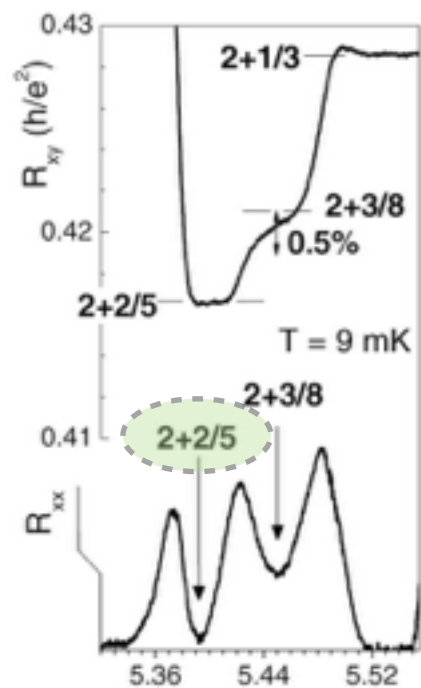
Z_3 Read-Rezayi state



Fibonacci anyon



Read & Rezayi (1999)



Xia et al. (2004)

R. Mong, D. Clarke, JA, N. Lindner, P. Fendley, C. Nayak, Y. Oreg, A. Stern, E. Berg, K. Shtengel, M. Fisher (2014)

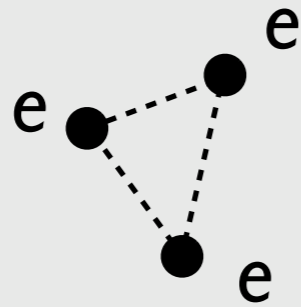
M. Stoudenmire, D. Clarke, R. Mong, JA (2015)



Fibonacci anyons



Z_3 Read-Rezayi state



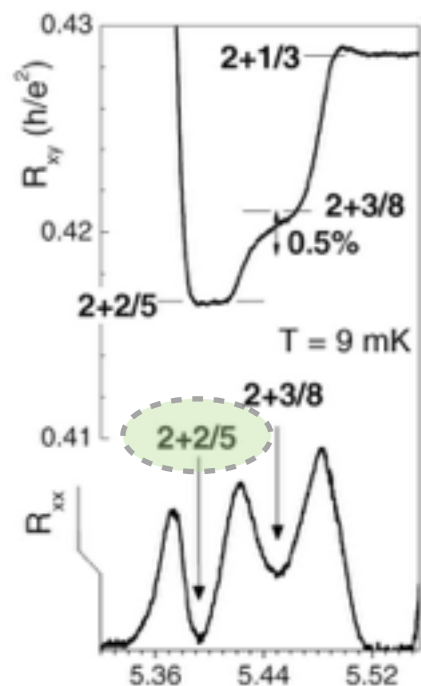
Fibonacci anyon



Superconducting cousin

“Simple” Abelian quantum Hall state

Read & Rezayi (1999)



Xia et al. (2004)

R. Mong, D. Clarke, JA, N. Lindner, P. Fendley, C. Nayak, Y. Oreg, A. Stern, E. Berg, K. Shtengel, M. Fisher (2014)

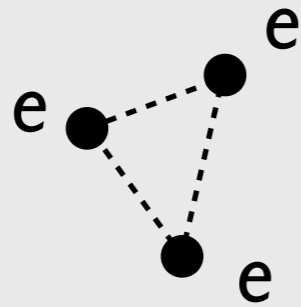
M. Stoudenmire, D. Clarke, R. Mong, JA (2015)



Fibonacci anyons



Z_3 Read-Rezayi state



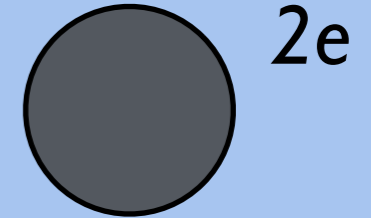
Fibonacci anyon



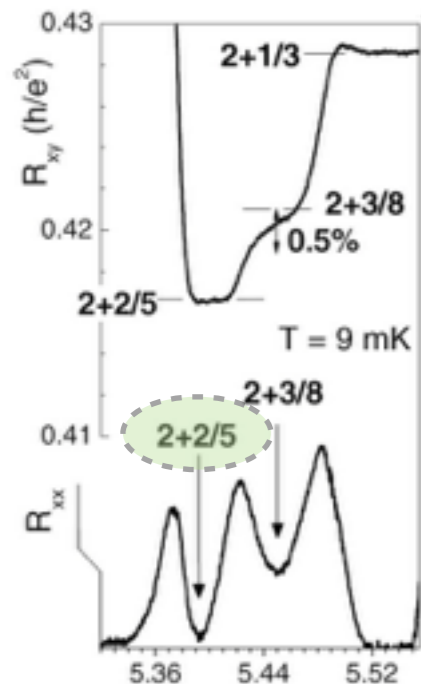
Superconducting cousin

“Simple” Abelian quantum Hall state

2D array of superconducting Islands



Read & Rezayi (1999)



Xia et al. (2004)

R. Mong, D. Clarke, JA, N. Lindner, P. Fendley, C. Nayak, Y. Oreg, A. Stern, E. Berg, K. Shtengel, M. Fisher (2014)

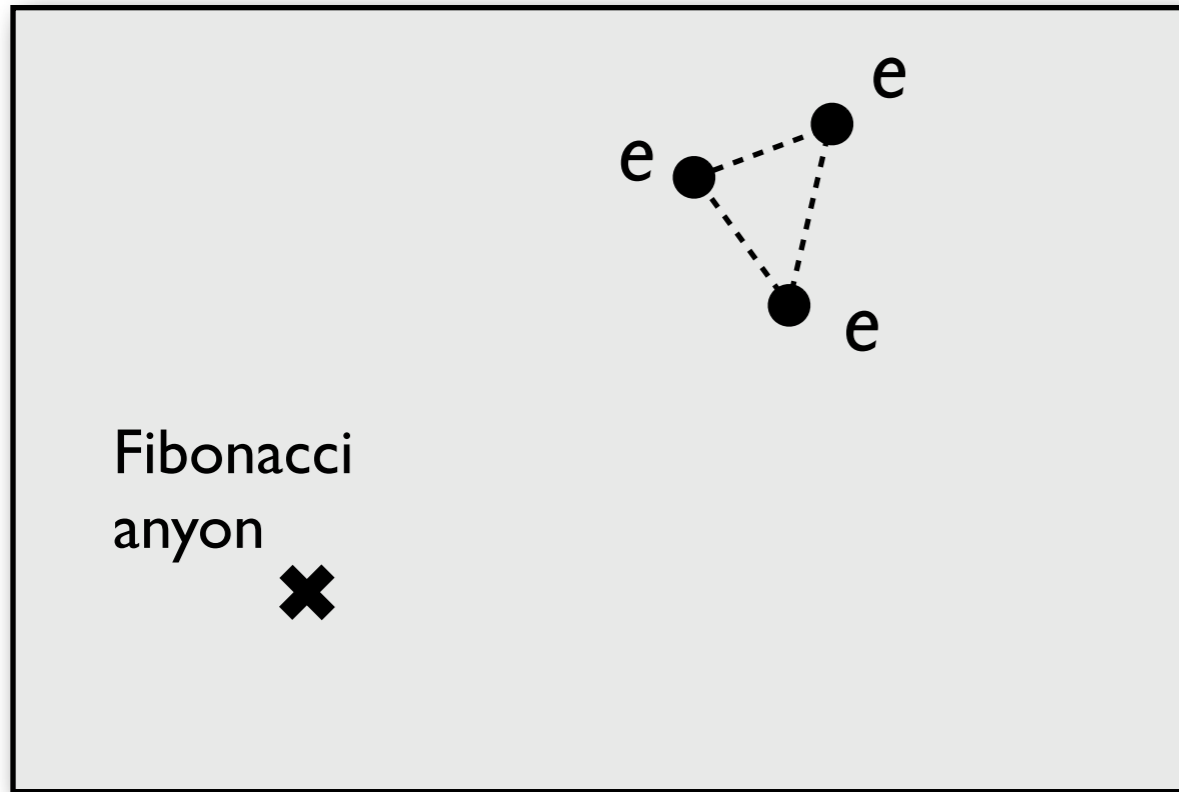
M. Stoudenmire, D. Clarke, R. Mong, JA (2015)



Fibonacci anyons

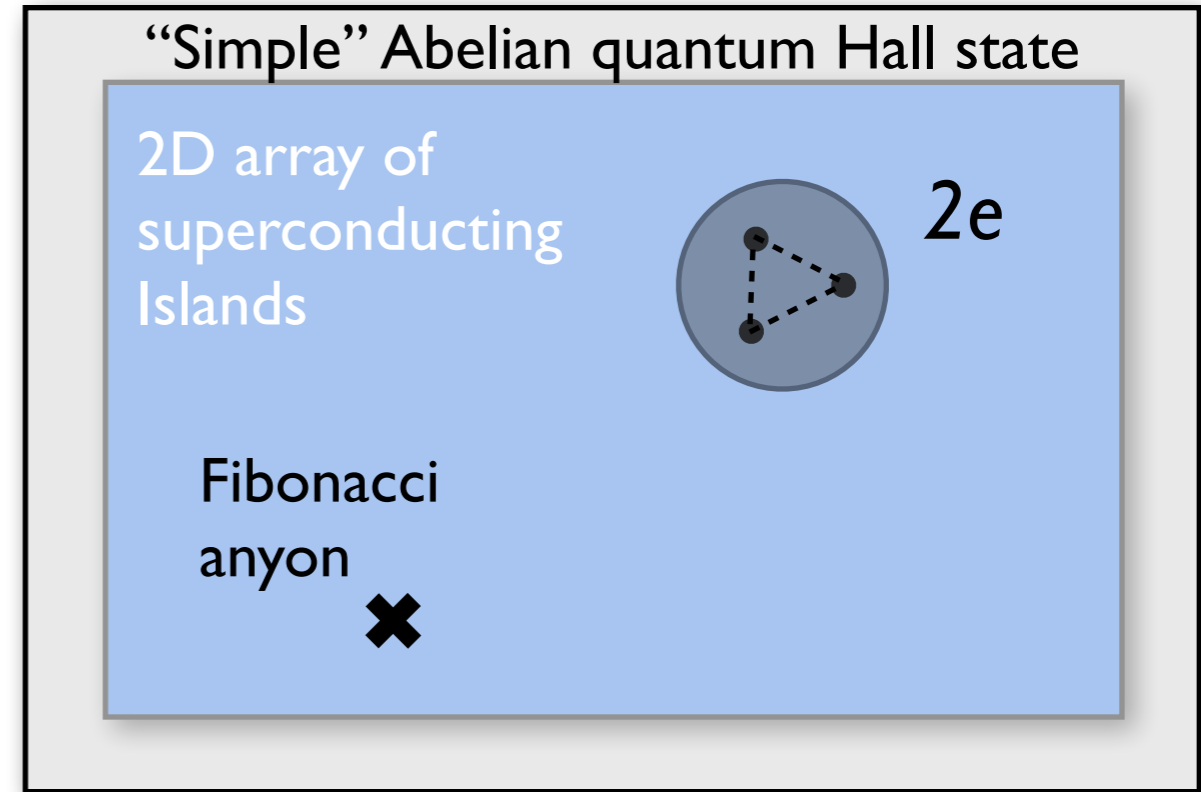


Z₃ Read-Rezayi state

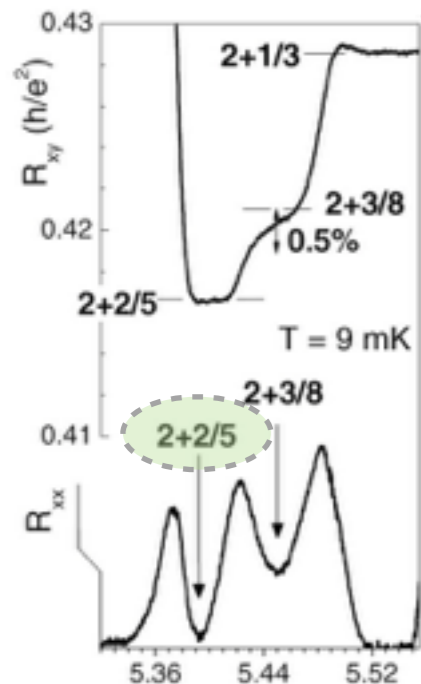


Read & Rezayi (1999)

Superconducting cousin



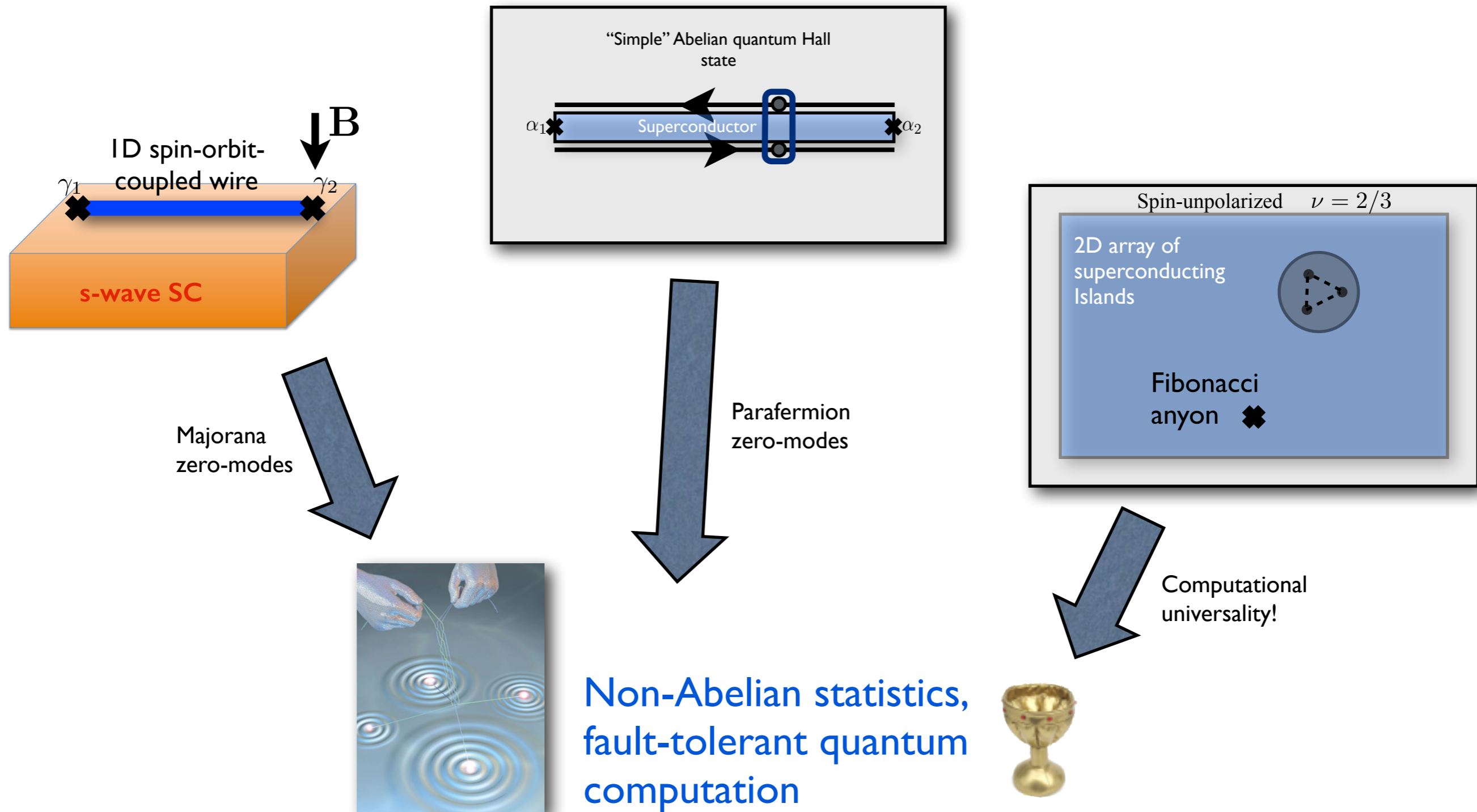
$$2e = 3 \times (2e/3)$$



Xia et al. (2004)

Proof of principle: can combine well-understood systems to create hardware for universal topological quantum computer! (but not yet practical)

Many roads to non-Abelian anyons...



For a lighthearted overview, see JA & A. Stern, arXiv:1410.0359

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Walter Burke Institute
for Theoretical Physics



Parafermion zero-modes

“parafermion”
zero-modes

α_1
X

α_2
X

$$\alpha_j \alpha_k = \alpha_k \alpha_j e^{\pm i 2\pi / 3}$$

$$\alpha_j^\dagger = \alpha_j^2$$

$$\alpha_j^3 = 1$$

Fendley (2012); inspired
by Fradkin & Kadanoff

Parafermion zero-modes

Fendley (2012); inspired
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“parafermion”
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$$\alpha_j \alpha_k = \alpha_k \alpha_j e^{\pm i 2\pi / 3}$$

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Clue: “anyonic” commutation
relations...

...make “wire” in system
with Abelian anyons?

Parafermion zero-modes

“parafermion”
zero-modes

α_1
X

α_2
X

Fendley (2012); inspired
by Fradkin & Kadanoff

$$\alpha_j \alpha_k = \alpha_k \alpha_j e^{\pm i 2\pi / 3}$$

$$\alpha_j^\dagger = \alpha_j^2$$

$$\alpha_j^3 = 1$$

“Simple” Abelian quantum Hall state

$$\text{e.g., } \nu = 2/3$$

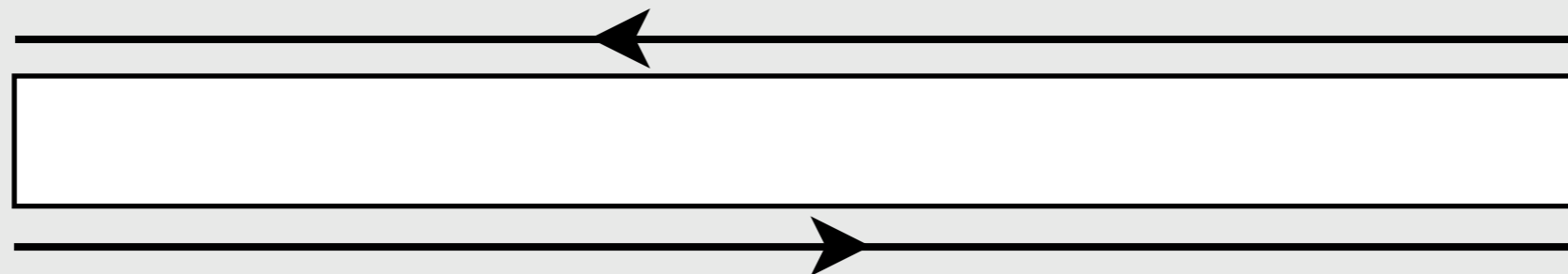
Parafermion zero-modes



$$\alpha_j \alpha_k = \alpha_k \alpha_j e^{\pm i 2\pi/3} \quad \alpha_j^\dagger = \alpha_j^2 \quad \alpha_j^3 = 1$$

“Simple” Abelian quantum Hall state

e.g., $\nu = 2/3$



Parafermion zero-modes



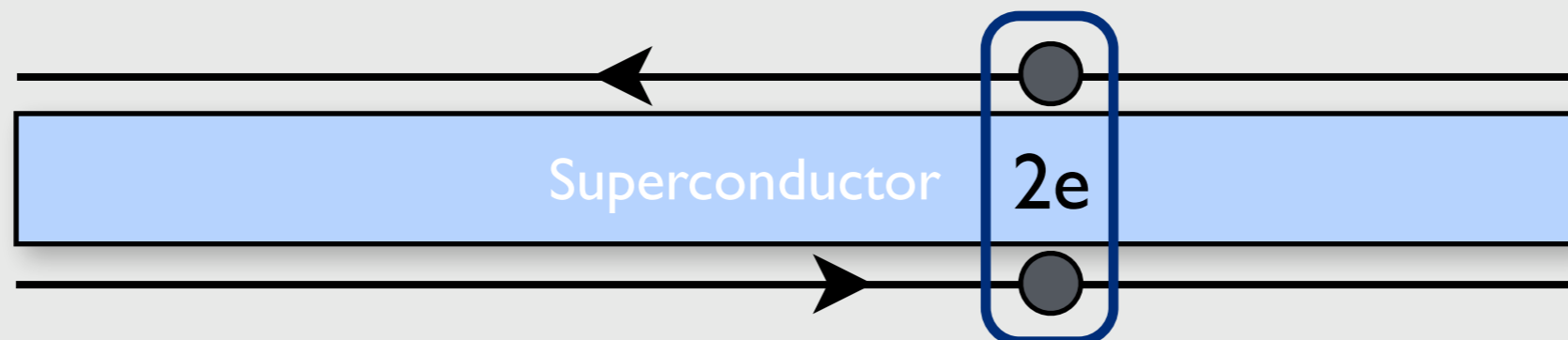
$$\alpha_j \alpha_k = \alpha_k \alpha_j e^{\pm i 2\pi/3}$$

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“Simple” Abelian quantum Hall state

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Parafermion zero-modes



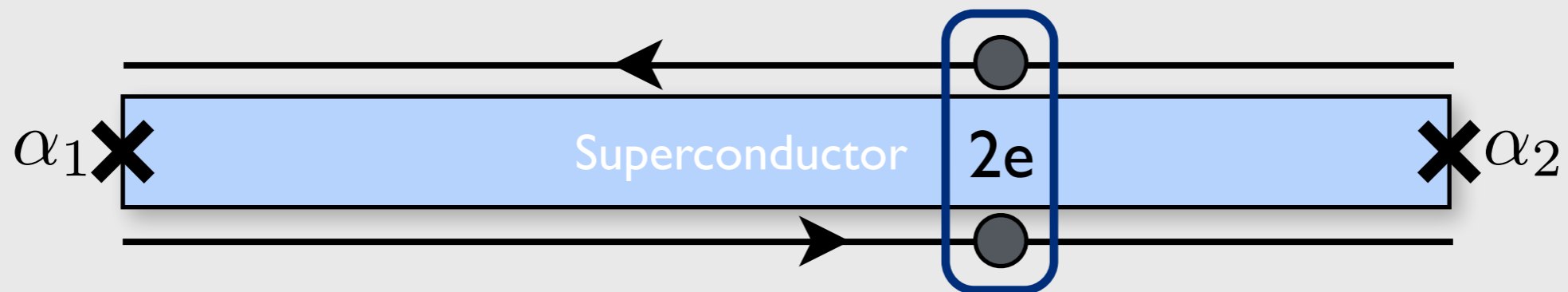
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$$\alpha_j^\dagger = \alpha_j^2$$

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“Simple” Abelian quantum Hall state

e.g., $\nu = 2/3$



Fractionalized cousin of Kitaev’s 1D “spinless” superconductor!

Parafermion braiding gives additional gate for free, but still not universal...